State Library

FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

OLD SERIES—VOL. LVI—NO. 2,883 FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1891. NEW SERIES—VOL. VIII—NO. 424

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., MAY 14, 1891.

The Leading Newspaper in the Third Congressional District.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

AFTER a hotly-contested municipal fight, J. W. FORBIS, present incumbent, was reelected mayor of Greensboro last week.

THE Scotch describe a man as "foy" who, abandoned by his good genius, is hastening to death and destruction; and this seems to be the condition of those sections of the country where labor and capital, both powerful and aggressive, hold the knife to each other's throats.

RECOLLECT, people—you who are saving up and stringing your spare shekels for this summer's "outing"—that, with all the good stopping-places on the line of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, you need not go outside of the State for satisfaction of the demands of the tourist, be you surf-splitters, water-guzzlers or mountain-sprinters.

THREE tramps attacked an old Pennsylvania farmer in his barn a few days ago, he having had the hardihood to suggest mildly that if they wanted his victuals they must work for them; but the stalwart "hayseeder" put them to flight—barring one who felt disinclined to leave the battle-field without assistance. The old man is like "Ransy Sniffles:" "When he fights he fights for a funeral."

"HOWDY do, Col. SNORT," said the President, as he entered the White House, and surprised Col. SNORT smoking a Texas corncob pipe in the "East Room;" "you see I've got back from 'swinging round the circle.'" "Howdy do, Mr. President," responded the Colonel, 'I'm delighted to welcome you back (now, you old fool, rush to the newspaper office, and have them to put in that 'Mr. HARRISON on his return to Washington was received with a perfect ovation')."

LAWRENCE BARRETT, the prominent actor who died a few weeks since, had the æsthetic tastes of a sybarite and the prodigality of a "Monte Cristo" in ministering to the happiness of his friends as a *vieux des vieux;* but, with all that, he had the prudence to prepare for the inevitable result when the "curtain was called down," and left to his wife a paid-up policy of $125,000 insurance on his life—about the only estate remaining to her of all the immense sums made by the labors of the dramatist and playwright.

CHARLOTTE is plunged into an "embarrassment of riches." Just over with its salute to North Carolina through the medium of hundreds of concordant melodious voices, it now clear-starches and irons its "best bib and tucker" for the 20th of May celebration; and, to crown all, about the same time it is to have Sam Jones or Bill Fife, or both. It is pertinent now to inquire whether Charlotte "wants the earth," and we would ask the question if we were not afraid of being told that it is none of our business what it wants.

CHARLES PRATT, millionaire, and manufacturer of "Pratt's Astral Oil," which had so strong a hold on popular favor years ago, died suddenly of apoplexy at his residence in New York city the other day. No man's death calls for honeyed memorials and high-flown eulogy simply because he left millions of money behind him; but it does call for the tribute of uncovered head and a genuine tear when, as in the case of COOPER and PRATT, the departed regarded himself as the steward of Providence in the distribution of his wealth, and utilized every dollar for the increase of the happiness or the amelioration of the woes of humankind.

"THE world do move." Sixty years ago it took more than four times as long to haul a bale of cotton by wagon from Fayetteville to Philadelphia (for in those days they did haul cotton from Fayetteville to Philadelphia) as it does now to cross the Atlantic ocean. Think of a steamship costing in construction as much as the total real estate of Cumberland county; with a capacity for carrying passengers equal in number to the combined population of all the towns on the line of railroad between Bennettsville and Mt. Airy, leaving out Fayetteville, Greensboro and Mt. Airy; cleaving the "waste of waters" at the rate of 21½ miles an hour for days at a time, and providing within itself all the comforts, conveniences and luxuries of the best-appointed hotel in Chicago or New York!

To waste so serious a thing as life in frivolity is reprehensible, but the holy horror of the reformer for the "paper-back" novel is exaggerated—the much-abused "paper-back" being responsible for only the enormity of putting itself into the hands of the ungodly reader at from 15 to 25 cents, while for the same literature (except the stiff covers and blue and gilt binding) the publisher has hitherto been receiving from $1.00 to $1.25. Sensible people don't feel disposed to call upon the rocks to hide them and the earth to open and swallow them up, because they occasionally indulge in the pleasure of perusing the pages of fiction, the amusement of dancing or the recreation of a game of cards in the parlor of a friend—the pachydermatous, smirking, self-satisfied moralist "to the contrary notwithstanding." This crusader among windmills wields the sword of Gideon when attacking the foibles and follies of humanity, but couches never a lance against the moral evils that are sending the world maimed and staggering on toward the millennium; the blast of his trumpet is as if he were before the walls of Jericho if Bacchus squeezes a bunch of grapes into the wine-cup, or Harlequin treats himself to a jig or "highland fling," but he speaks with bated breath in the presence of sin arrayed in purple and fine linen, masquerading in the cloak of religion, or hiding its ugliness under the robe of sanctity.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

Among the prominent North Carolinians who died during the month of April were: Col. William L. Saunders, Gov. Daniel G. Fowle, James P. Speight, Col. John A. Cameron, Dr. James R. Ellis, Col. Julius A. Gray, Prof. I. L. Wright, Dr. F. Scarr, Maj. Lucius W. Faison, Robert H. Henderson, Dr. G. G. Smith, Capt. John C. James, Dr. James W. Alston, Dr. Frank M. Garrett, Maj. William A. Hearne and John C. Haigh. ——Revenue collections in the Eastern District for April amounted to $68,500. ——The merchants of Wilmington have raised a fund, and propose to test the validity of the merchants' license tax, Schedule B. ——Trouble is brewing between Italian and American labors on the Norfolk & Westeru Railroad in West Virginia.——Governor Holt has pardoned Gaston Barnes, convicted of manslaughter in Alexander county. ——Tutt Chipley (col.) who was wounded while resisting arrest, died in the Statesville jail last week. ——Raleigh's street car matter has been settled, and she will have electric cars running by August 1st. ——Col. W. F. Beasly is mention d in connection with the presidency of the Soldier's Home at Raleigh. ——Col. L. L. Polk tells a Raleigh gentleman that he does not want to be President. ——Inspector General A. L. Smith has received orders to inspect the various commands of the State Guard for the current year. ——A party of Boston capitalists arrived in Winston last week, with a view to making heavy investments. ——Raleigh reports some activity in the real estate market. ——One of the members of the Ohio Legislature was a blind man, but he sometimes occupied the Speaker's chair and could tell every member by his voice. ——James W. Forbis, Esq., is reelected Mayor of Greensboro, over Geo. H. Gregory. ——There is a lady in Raleigh who danced at the ball given the Marquis LaFayette at the "Governor's Palace" in Raleigh in 1825. She was only 7 years old then. ——The heaviest hail-storm in years passed over Wilmington last week, breaking window panes, unroofing houses and doing considerable damage otherwise. ——Sessoms hotel, recently burned at Roseboro, is to be rebuilt. ——Judge J. D. McIver has been appointed to hold the Spring Term of Chatham Superior Court, beginning May 4th, in place of Judge E. T. Boykin, who is prevented by illness. ——Arrangements are being made for the Confederate Veterans' encampment to be held at Wrightsville after the State Guard Encampment. ——Dr. John Hall, the distinguished Presbyterian divine, of New York, receives an annual income of $75,000. ——The Board of Control of the World's Fair decline to pass upon the question of negro exhibits at the World's Fair. ——The authorities at Rome have decided upon a general expulsion of the Anarchists and Socialists from Rome. ——Under the bill to refund the direct tax the Treasury Department has up to date paid out $9,282,636 to eighteen States. ——A strong war feeling has been created in Germany by the proposed manœuvres of the French near the frontier. ——The Southern Editorial Association, at its recent meeting in Memphis, took steps for the erection of a monument to ex-President Jefferson Davis. ——Bread riots are raging throughout Italy. The starving poor demand a reduction in the price of bread. ——Germany will appropriate a million marks for the Chicago World's Fair. ——The recent attempt at rebellion in Bolivia has been suppressed. Now it is stated that an attempt to assassinate the President has been accidentally discovered. ——In the municipal elections held in second and third-class towns of Indiana the Democrats make great gains except in Jeffersonville and New Albany. ——A Chilian vessel taking on supplies for the insurgents was seized at San Diego on the 5th inst. by order of Secretary Blaine, and tug-boats were sent out to seize a schooner loaded with rifles and a man-of-war lying in the offing. ——Three men have just been arrested for a burglary committed in Ohio in August last. The wife of one of the burglars went to Canada to get one of the bills stolen ($1,000) changed, and the bank officials took a snap-shot photograph of her. ——An American and his daughter were attacked by a mob near Florence, Italy, and the latter was injured. ——Application has been made to the State Department for permission to build docks at Mobile and Pensacola for fumigating vessels infected with yellow fever. ——The Gladstonians gain a member of Parliament. ——The customs committee of the French Chamber has decided that the duty on wheat and flour shall be reduced, but that on corn shall remain unchanged. ——Negotiations are under way between the two factions in Chili. ——Sir James Kitson tells the English people of the illimitable resources of the United States in iron and coal, and predicts that we will become the great manufacturers of iron and steel. ——Two hundred employes are made idle by the burning of the works of the American Wheel Company at Sydney, Ohio. ——The Russian government has suddenly suspended the expulsion of Jews from Moscow. ——Agitation among Russian Poles is spreading rapidly. ——The St. James *Gazette* says the finding of the New Orleans jury possesses a political interest which the Marquis Rudini will not appreciate, especially if Secretary Blaine sticks to his guns on the question of Federal and State jurisdiction. The report of the New Orleans grand jury was the theme of discussion at the State Department. The Department officials seem to think that Italy will find it difficult to show that her treaty rights have been violated. They think, also, that this finding will have a wholesome effect upon the turbulent foreign element in the United States. ——The American Medical Society has taken up the question of contract surgeons in connection with corporations. ——The State Railway Commission issues an order regulating telegraph rates in this State. ——Much cotton and wheat was injured by frost in the Piedmont section. ——A man threatens to kill Jay Gould unless he agrees to pay him $1,000,000 and $500,000 a year for ten years. He has been arrested, and his sanity will be inquired into.

How an Old Lady Should Dress.

I am afraid that in our restless, aspiring little to-day we are losing from society and the family one of the most picturesque and beautiful features of a former period, viz: the old lady. In our hot strife, for we all desire to keep our youth—not only our youth of spirit, our eager strength, but our ability to be in the van of whatever is going on as well—it is our aim to look young, at least as young as we can. The frankly brave gentlewoman who acknowledges her age, and is not ashamed of the dignity of gray hairs, nor blind to the charms imparted by experience of life and acquaintance with human nature, is less frequently met than should be, though when we do meet her how glad and ungrudging is our homage!

The question, How should an elderly lady dress so as to render her appearance most attractive, is a pertinent one. In a city drawing-room recently a conspicuous figure was a stately woman of seventy-five years, strong, rugged and wholesome, as might be expected of one country-born and bred, but dressed, alas! in a way to make one shiver. The thin gray hair was tightly drawn from the forehead and ears, and skewered with a hairpin into a very compact little knot like an exaggerated coat-button, at the back of the head. A narrow strip of linen collar, severe and plain, relieved the black gown, which was modeled in the tailor-made style in vogue among our young women.

The result of the whole costume was unhappy. One wanted to get hold of that dear old lady and dress her as she ought to have been dressed—with a cap of tulle, fleecy-white and fleecy-soft, covering her head, and carrying out its refined effect in broad, white lappets, falling loosely over the shoulders, or in creamy satin strings tied beneath the chin. The cap is an elderly gentlewoman's best and queenliest head-dress, and should be an indispensable part of her daily dress. Let it be white, if possible, though a black lace cap, with little loops of lavender or crimson, once so popular with stately dames in their sixties and seventies, is a beautiful addition to a woman whose complexion is not of the type in which fairness has fallen into a network of wrinkles.

Across the years that have stretched between us since she went home to God, I see my mother attired in a gown innocent of furbelows or flounces, short enough to escape the ground, always either black or gray in color, and of soft, fine, unrustling fabric whether of silk or wool. The memory is a sacred one.

How sweet and soothing such a presence in a sick room! What comfort in sitting beside such a friend at twilight, telling the story of the day and receiving strength from sympathetic counsel! Daughters and granddaughters should combine in the endeavor to dress the dear old mothers and aunties tastefully. Never should they *ordain* the style of dress for these dear ones, since nothing is so distasteful to old people as the being put under authority in matters personal; but then they should influence, persuade, and, if necessary, coax the dear old lady, who is, if she but knew it, the most ornamental person in the household, to let herself be made outwardly as lovely as she is in her inner soul.

The Founder of the Cooper Institute.

Loyd Brice in North American Review.]

The great work of Peter Cooper's life, however, and one that throws the rest into shadow, is the Cooper Institute. Other charities have cost more money, others have been conducted on a more lavish scale, but it is doubtful whether any other has so successfully accomplished the noble purpose which its founder had in view—namely, to help youth to help themselves. Nor did he wait until he was affluent to make a beginning. He purchased the ground for its site lot by lot, and laid by dollar by dollar for its construction. The way he came to hit upon the idea can best be told in his own words:

"While serving as an assistant alderman I became acquainted with a gentleman who, having just returned from France, informed me that while in Paris he visited the Polytechnic School and the schools of arts and trades, founded by the first Napoleon. What interested me most in his description was the manner of teaching and the wonderful appliances for illustrating the various branches of instruction. I was deeply impressed when he told me that there were hundreds of poor young men who lived on a crust of bread from day to day in order to get the benefit of the course of lectures which they could attend without charge. I recalled the time when there were no night-schools in New York or any means by which a poor boy could acquire knowledge except in the ordinary schools, which required both time and money.

I then formed a resolute determination that, if I could ever get the means, I would build an institution, and throw its doors open at night as well as in the day, that the young people of this city might enjoy the advantages of knowledge, which would enable them to improve their condition, and fit them for all the varied and useful purposes of life. To give them this was the motive power of all my earnest efforts in carrying on and extending my business. It also inspired my wife as well as myself with the necessity of the greatest economy; for, from the time I formed the plan of setting up such a school of learning to the completion of the Union, she gave it her warmest sympathy and aid, of which I never fail to speak with the sincerest gratitude."

Beautiful Answers.

A Sophist, wishing to puzzle Thales with difficult questions which he had arranged, put the following, to which Thales answered without hesitation and with utmost precision:

What is the oldest of things? God, for He existed always.

What is the greatest of things? Space, for it contains all things.

What is the most constant? Hope, for it remains when all else is fled.

What is the best of all things? Virtue, for without it there is nothing.

What is the quickest? Thought; in a moment it can reach the end of the universe.

What is the strongest? Necessity; it makes men face all danger.

What is the easiest of all things? To give advice.

What is the most difficult? To know thyself.

Young Man, This Is for You.

1. Save a part of your weekly earnings, even if it be no more than a quarter dollar, and put your savings monthly in a savings-bank.

2. Buy nothing till you can pay for it, and buy nothing that you do not need.

A young man who has grit enough to follow these rules, will have taken the first step upward to success in business. He may be compelled to wear a coat a year longer, even if it be unfashionable; he may have to live in a smaller house than some of his young acquaintances; his wife may not sparkle in diamonds nor be resplendent in silk and satin just yet; his children may not be dressed as dolls or popinjays; his table may be plain and wholesome, and the whizz of the beer or champagne cork may never be heard in his dwelling; he may have to get along without the earliest fruit or vegetables; he may have to abjure the club-room, the theatre and the gambling-hell; and to reverence the Sabbath-day and read and follow the precepts of the Bible instead—but he will be the better off every way for this self-discipline. Yes, he may do all these without detriment to his manhood, or health, or character. True, empty-headed folk may sneer at him and affect to pity him, but he will find that he has grown strong-hearted and brave enough to stand the laugh of the foolish. He has become an independent man. He has become master of himself, and a master of himself will become a leader among men, and prosperity will crown his every enterprise.

Young man, life's discipline and life's success come from hard work and early self-denial; and hard-earned success is all the sweeter at the time when old years climb up on your shoulder, and you need propping up.

The Little Children that are Gone.

Chicago Advance.]

Why do they come, these little ones that enter our homes by the gateway of suffering, and that linger with us a few months, uttering no words, smiling in a mysterious silence, yet speaking all the time of the purity and sweetness of heaven? Why must they open the tenderest fountains of our natures, only to leave them so soon, choked with the bitter tears of loss? It is impossible wholly to answer such questions of the tortured heart, but one can say, in general, that these little temporary wanderers from a celestial home come and go because of the great love of God. it is an inestimable blessing to have been the parent of a child that has the stamp of heaven upon its brow, to hold it in one's arms, to minister to it, to gaze fondly down into the little up-turned face, and to rejoice in the unsullied beauty of its smiles, and then to give it back to God at his call, with the thought that in heaven, as upon earth, it is our own child, a member of the household, still to be counted always as one of the children whom God has given us. Such a love chastens and satisfies the hearts of father and mother, carries them out beyond time and sense, and gives them a hold upon the unseen. As things of great value always cost, it is worth all the sorrow to have known this holy affection, and to have this treasure in heaven.

If You Want to Be Loved—

Don't find fault.

Don't contradict people, even if you're sure you are right.

Don't be inquisitive about the affairs of even your most intimate friend.

Don't underrate anything because you don't possess it.

Don't believe that everybody else in the world is happier than you.

Don't conclude that you have never had any opportunities in life.

Don't believe all the evil you hear.

Don't repeat gossip, even if it does interest a crowd.

Don't go untidy on the plea that everybody knows you.

Don't be rude to your inferiors in social position.

Don't over-or under-dress.

Don't express a positive opinion unless you understand what you are talking about.

Don't get into the habit of vulgarizing life by making light of the sentiment of it.

Don't jeer at anybody's religious belief.

Don't try to be anything else but a gentlewoman—and that means a woman who has consideration for the whole world, and whose life is governed by the Golden Rule: "Do unto others as you would be done by."

Oriental Civilization.

The general opinion that China and Japan are a long way behind the other nations in point of civilization and progressive measures is due to lack of knowledge upon the subject. It is true that in many things they are behind some of the other nations, but in others they are far in advance. For instance, the Japanese government adopted the postal savings bank system several years ago, and it is now working successfully. In this country this matter is just being discussed. There are other matters equally progressive which have been acted upon by these countries, which have as yet only been talked of here.

Doubts as to Sheol.

Winston Sentinel.]

The Rev. H. O. Hoffman, one of the leading ministers in Illinois, and pastor of the Independent Methodist Church at Bloomington, created a sensation Monday night by announcing that the doctrine of everlasting hell is not taught in the Bible. He says Christ never used the word damnation with the meaning it has applied to it by the orthodox preachers of to-day. Mr. Hoffman has a large following, formerly believing in the doctrine of perpetual punishment by fire and regular Methodism. He is very popular and an able minister.

St. Helena Becoming Deserted.

Philadelphia Record.]

For twenty years St. Helena has been going to the dogs, and has now very nearly arrived there. It is the Suez Canal that has killed it, as it has ruined many other ports of call. A final blow was given when quite recently the French government decided to withdraw the garrison of Imperial troops. Last year this order began to go into effect, and St. Helena is rapidly drifting into a position of a deserted island.

An Ice Mine.

There is a mine just above Howardsville, Colorado, that is a curiosity. It is an ice mine, and the ice is as clear and pure as that to be obtained from the purest lake. If it was located near a large town it would be a fortune to the owner, but, where it is, the mine has never been other than a cause for unmitigated disgust. The claim is owned by the Neigolds, who, in the early days, ran a tunnel through the belt of frozen ground, and struck a spring beyond. As the water flows out of the tunnel it freezes, and the tunnel is now filled nearly to the roof with the congealed fluid. It has long supplied all of Howardsville with ice, and as it never thaws, winter or summer, the place is an objective point for curiosity-seekers. On entering the mine nothing unusual occurs until a depth of forty feet is reached, when the frozen territory begins and continues for over one hundred feet. The whole of the one hundred feet is surrounded by solid rock. It is said that the miners, being unable to excavate the frozen material with pick and drill, used to build a big fire at the breast over-night, and in the morning remove what had thawed.

A Boy's Composition on Dogs and Cats.

Puck.]

I'd rather have a dog than a cat, any day. Dogs can race cats, they can race other dogs, they can race boys or anything. Nobody ain't scared of a cat. A mouse is; but not if it ain't somewheres that it can't get out of, or a rat, neither. A dog can make a cat dead if he bites her enough. When he comes in the yard he can make her tail look like a Christmas tree. He can make her fix her back up like a camel. I ain't afraid of thieves, but thieves are afraid of dogs. If a thief comes where a dog can get at him he'll run like the deuce; but the dog won't run. A dog can watch a house better than a policeman. He won't let the man that owns it come in the back-yard in the middle of the night; but a cat would. If a man or any other thief was to sneak in, would a cat care? She'd go over the fence like lightning. That's what! A dog knows when you're home from school. He ain't sleepy then. He has fun with old hats, if you give him one. You've got to pay for keeping him, but you don't a cat, because a dog's some good and a cat ain't, I'd rather have a dog.

The Capitol Dome.

N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.]

The Capitol dome at Washington is the only considerable dome of iron in the world. It is a vast hollow sphere, weighing 8,000,000 pounds. How much is that? More than 4,000 tons, or almost the weight of 54,000 full-grown persons, or about equal to 1,000 loaded coal-cars of four tons each, which, if strung out one behind the other, would occupy a mile and a half of track. On the very top of the dome the allegorical figure, "America," weighing 13,985 pounds, lifts its proud head high in the air. The pressure of this dome and figure upon the piers and pillars is 14,477 pounds to the square foot. It would, however, require a pressure of 755,286 pounds to the square foot to crush the supports of the dome. The cost of this immense dome was little short of $1,000,000.

The Use of Forks.

The use of forks was introduced into France, with many other refined methods of living, by Catherine de Medici, and from France was introduced into England, where Jonson ridiculed their use as a beggarly fashion, imported from Italy "to the saving of napkins." The first person who is recorded to have used a fork was a daughter of a Greek emperor who married a Doge of Venice, and whose luxurious way of living was the scandal of that City of the Sea. "She ate her food," says the Venetian chronicler, "with a golden fork, and yet in spite of all this luxury she died of a loathsome disease." Knives and forks did not come into common use among the nobility in England till the seventeenth century; and as late as the eighteenth century gentlemen, in traveling, carried their knives and forks in a case, as inns did not furnish such luxuries.

Brazil's Debt.

New York Times.]

The total foreign debt of Brazil on the 31st of December, 1890, amounted to $150,561,000, and the domestic to about $269,351,650. The revenue derived from customs during the year reached the sum of $30,508,290, an increase of over a million over the year 1889. The coffee exports amounted to 2,733,470 sacks, of which 1,819,032 were taken by the United States. In 1889 the exports of coffee were greater by more than 100,000 sacks. An idea of the fever of speculation now raging in Brazil may be had from the fact that in the course of 1890 294 banks and corporations were chartered, with a nominal capital of $667,898,300. It should be said, however, that many of these enterprises have never had any life off paper.

Live Like Lovers.

Married people should treat each other like lovers all their lives—then they would be happy. Bickering and quarreling would soon break off love affairs; consequently lovers indulge in such only to a limited extent. Women should grow more devoted and men fonder after marriage, if they have the slightest idea of being happy as wives and husbands. Yet many a man will scold his wife who would never think of breathing a harsh word to his sweetheart; and many a wife will look grum and morose on her husband's return who had only smiles and words of cheer for him when he was her suitor. How can such people expect to be happy?

Barnum's Key to Success.

Barnum died worth $5,000,000, notwithstanding his entire show was completely destroyed by fire half a dozen times. Barnum was the man who said: "I owe my success to a liberal use of printers' ink, judiciously distributed. I don't care what the newspapers say about me so long as they say something."

Cheering Intelligence.

Rejected Suitor (dolefully)—You say you will be a sister to me. What do you mean by that?

Sweet Girl (cheerfully)—Why, when I get married you may send me a nice wedding present, you know.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

For sale by
B. E. SEDBERRY & SON,
Fayetteville, N. C.

NOTICE.

The undersigned has resumed the practice of law in Fayetteville, N. C. His office is on Hay street, over McDuffie's Drug Store. P. O. box 34.
He will attend the Courts, State and Federal, where his services may be required.
JAMES C. MacRAE.
Jan'y 1, 1891. tf

Coal! Coal!

COAL!

Anthracite and Bituminous Egg and Nut,

IN ANY QUANTITY.

For sale by
C. E. PEARCE.

☞ Leave orders at McMillan Bro.'s Store.
Oct. 30, 1890. tf

High Point Factory.

J. H. Jenkins & Co., of this large "plant," are making a depository with me of their many grades of tobacco, comprising Plug, Twist, Smoking Tobacco and Cigars. Their customers can be supplied at factory prices at any hour in the day.
R. M. ORRELL, Agent
May 8, 1890—tf for the Factory

WOODY & CURRIE.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Commission Merchants. Groceries, Provisions and Farm Supplies at Bottom Prices.
march 20. tf

BONITZ .·. HOTEL
129 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C.,
Now being thoroughly renovated, is open for
THE -:- RECEPTION -:- OF -:- GUESTS.

THOS. M. HUNTER, D. D. S.,

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.
OFFICE:
North-east corner Market Square.
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G. B. PATTERSON, D. D. S.,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

After 6 years experience offer his professional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country. Office up-stairs over Bank of Fayetteville. N. B. Hayes' Hypnotic used for the painless extraction of teeth.

N. A. SINCLAIR,
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PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS.
Office No. 4, Thornton Block.
June 20, 1889. tf

H. McD. ROBINSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
NO. 6, THORNTON BLOCK,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
☞ Gives special attention to collecting and conveyancing. Deeds, Contracts, Wills, Mortgages, etc., prepared in best style on Remington Type-writer.
Feb'y 27, 1890.

JOHN G. SHAW,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
Practices in the various Courts of the State
Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to his care.
Feb'y 14, 1889. 1y

DR. J. H. MARSH
has removed his office and residence to rooms in the Thornton block.
Office in room No 5.
Night bell No. 8.
Calls answered promptly night and day.
Feb'y 5, 1891. tf

SAFE.

Hall's Lock and Safe Company's new Patent, cost $375. Size 57 inches high, 35 inches wide, 27 inches deep; double doors; turned over to me for sale. A big bargain. Apply to
B. E. SEDBERRY.
March 19, 1891—tf

W. H. NEWBEURY,
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A NEAT CARRIAGE FOR $5.00—VERY CHEAP.
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A STYLISH CARRIAGE, WELL-FINISHED, FOR $9.00—BEATS ALL.
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Having bought a very large stock, we can offer better bargains in

Furniture of all kinds,

than any dealer in the State. Call and be convinced.
Yours Respectfully,
ROYALL & BORDEN.
S. E. CORNER MARKET SQUARE,
Fayetteville, N. C.
April 16, 1891.

— OUR MACHINE SHOPS —
ARE NOW RUNNING,
AND WE ARE PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF
REPAIR WORK AND PIPE FITTING
IN FIRST-CLASS MANNER AND AT REASONABLE PRICES.
CAROLINA MACHINE COMPANY,
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☞ THE CAROLINA MACHINE COMPANY have a special bargain to offer in a new 40-horse-power engine, now at their works. Write them for particulars and price.
January 1, 1891. 1y

R. M. NIMOCKS,
Wholesale :-: Grocer
—AND—
Buyer of Cotton AND Naval Stores.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....MAY 14, 1891.

Z. W. WHITEHEAD, SOLE OWNER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

Published Every Thursday at 19 Green Street (Observer Building.)

Z. W. WHITEHEAD, J. H. MYROVER, } Editors.

"The Observer" is the second oldest paper in the State, is read by nine-tenths of the reading people of Cumberland, and circulates extensively throughout the counties of Robeson, Richmond, Moore, Harnett, Bladen, Columbus, New Hanover, Pender, Duplin, Sampson, Johnston, Anson, Chatham Montgomery and Stanly, and Marion and Marlboro counties, S. C.

RAILWAY COMMISSION.

The rules of practice of the Railway Commission were published to-day and with the acts creating the commission in making it a board of appraisers for railways, and with the standard freight and passenger tariffs established from a pamphlet of 55 pages. In this much of interest is to be found. The commission will hold sessions on Wednesdays of each week for the hearing of applications, receiving petitions and matters other than contested cases. Special sessions will be held as occasion requires at other places. In cases of complaint the petitioner or complainant must always prove the existence of the facts alleged to constitute a violation of the act unless the railway complained of shall admit the same or fail to answer to the complaint. The facts alleged in the answer must also be proved by the railway, unless admitted by the petitioner. In case of failure to answer the commission will take such proof of the charges as is deemed proper and reasonable. Each railway company doing business in the State is ordered to file with the commission on or before the 20th of each month a report of its earnings and expenses for the preceding month.

The rules governing the transportation of passengers are interesting. The fare is 3½ cents per mile for first-class and 2½ for second-class. Children over 5 and 12 years of age one half first-class fare. Each passenger is allowed 150 pounds of baggage. No more than the schedule of passenger rates shall be charged where the ticket office at any station shall not have been open for a reasonable time before the departure from a station of the train upon which the passenger intended to be transported. At junction points, where the incoming trains arrive so near the leaving time of the out-going train that it is not practicable for a passenger to secure a ticket, no more than the schedule of passenger rates shall be charged. Railways are authorized to collect the exact mileage for passenger fares if they shall make the necessary change to enable them to do so; but it if not, no more than the next lowest amount ending in 5 or nothing shall be charged. No company shall be allowed to charge over 10 cents as a minimum full or high rate between stations when the fare would be less than that amount; provided, where the distance is not greater than 2 miles or under the maximum charge for first-class tickets shall be 10 cents and for second-class 5 cents. No more than the standard passenger rate shall be charged passengers to and from flag stations or other stations where tickets are not kept on sale. When passengers, by want of proper diligence, fail to provide themselves with proper tickets before getting on the train, then 10 cents additional for each passenger 12 years old or over may be demanded and collected for all distances above 10 miles; 20 cents for over 10 and less than 20 miles, and 30 cents for all distances over 20 miles, and half these rates for passengers over 5 and under 12 years of age.

From and after Wednesday, the 1st day of April, 1891, no change of freight or passenger depots or flag stations from their present location, nor the suspension of the sale of tickets, or the receiving or forwarding of freights from stations now in use for such purposes, will be permitted without the consent of this commission published in accordance with law. Application for the location of depots and the construction of depot buildings must be filed in the railroad commission office, with all information needed for a full and proper understanding of all interests to be affected thereby.—*Raleigh Correspondence Charlotte Chronicle.*

Was there ever a more dangerous and diabolical measure enacted by a legislative body in a civilized country than is embodied in the above? Is it possible that our State Constitution has been so transformed, "revamped," "strapped and painted," or the "britchen shortened" to fit and conform to such a piece of arrogant, wild-cat and fool-hardy legislation? If so, individual right in North Carolina has seen its palmiest days, and the Constitution which was designed to protect each and every man without regard to race, color or previous condition of servitude, is a myth, and didn't amount to a hill of beans. Continue, if you will, this usurpation of vested rights, and the iniquities of such infamous legislation will be visited upon not only the "third and fourth generations," but upon those of the present and all who aided and abetted in the passage of such laws. Indeed, it would seem that the day is not far distant when the law-making powers, in their majesty, will say whether you shall raise corn, cotton, tobacco or wheat; how many acres you shall plant, or whether you shall or shall not make turpentine, smoke or chew tobacco, or indulge in any of the other luxuries of life, or follow such pursuits as your inclination may dictate to the extent your individual judgment directs. This sounds nonsensical, we are willing to admit, but if the R. R. Commission has the power vested in it to compel "each railway company doing business in the State to file with the Commission, on or before the 20th of each month, a report of its earnings and expenses for the preceding month," then and in that event the next General Assembly can pass a law governing the things mentioned above with equal impunity and not in violation of the Constitution, and all of which would be equally as justifiable.

Tell us that the State of North Carolina has the moral or legal right to enter the office of and inquire into the private affairs of their corporations or individuals? It's for the want of common sense and business courtesy, and no people ever fell into a greater error.

For one, we have seen enough of this interference with vested rights, and if such mischievous practices are persisted in, mark our prediction that the half has not been told.

Listen: "From and after Wednesday, the 1st day of April, 1891, no change of freight or passenger depots or flag stations from their present location, nor the suspension of the sale of tickets, will be permitted without the consent of this Commission." World without end! But hear us again: "Application for the location of depots and the construction of depot buildings must be filed in the Railroad Commission office, with all information needed for a full and proper understanding of all interests to be affected thereby." Whither are we drifting? Has it come to that: that the management of railroads are incompetent to successfully and satisfactorily look after their affairs; where depots are worse needed and where such buildings can best be constructed? Railroads are constructed by and operated under chartered privileges, and when they violate the laws under which they are operating the courts were intended for and held to punish all violators of the law.

That railroads and other corporations, as for that, have in some instances overleaped their legitimate bounds and abused their rights we do not question for a moment, and the courts should see to it that all such offenders be made pay the full penalty of each and every offense, and leave unmolested their chartered rights.

Again, we can see no justice, wisdom, business sagacity or common-sense in the promulgation of such an order as that which places the earnings of one railroad on a level with others; or, in other words, that is so impracticable in its bearings and workings as to presume upon its face that a new road, with a very limited amount of business developed, can be operated with as little expense and cost and profit to the owners as an old and established road which had been in operation for years and years, developing the country through which it passed, all the time adding to its volume of business. Are railroads generally supposed to pay the stockholders thereof dividends as soon as completed? Were it so the idea that railroads develop the country through which they pass, building up towns and cities, would be a delusion—an idea only. But experience and observation show to the contrary, that railroads do build up and develop the country as nothing else will develop it, all statements to the contrary notwithstanding.

ISSUES OF THE DAY.

There are two sides to every subject, and, having published in our last issue Mr. Fife's reply to Dr. Yates, we publish to-day the Doctor's letter in full; which, however, only serves to illustrate how completely the Evangelist gained the victory. In our judgment Dr. Yates ranks among the ablest men in the Methodist Conference, but for once the "Drummer Evangelist" has got him on his back.

It is a very significant fact that Mr. Blaine has been enabled to maintain, in the Italian imbroglio, an attitude which commands the respect and receives the approval of the world only by entrenching himself behind the principle of State sovereignty underlying as a foundation the whole fabric of the federal government—and this, too, in an administration which was put in power by the party which brought about the late war by a denial of this very principle of State sovereignty for which the South contended and ought still to contend.

A special dispatch from Ogden, Utah, says: Sam W. Small, president of the Utah Methodist University, has tendered his resignation to the board of directors of the institution. This action of Small is said to be due to the bitter controversy that has been going on for the past few weeks between a portion of the directors and himself over an alleged misuse of university funds.—*Wilmington Messenger.*

Ever since we heard Sam Small in Greensboro several years ago we have been satisfied in our own mind that he was a bad man—a wolf in sheep's clothing, totally unworthy to enter the sacred precincts of a pulpit, and less entitled to the respect and esteem of christian people. His "retiring under fire" is pretty good evidence that our opinion was well-founded.

The convention called by Governor Holt to meet at Raleigh on the 13th inst., to co-operate with the Southern Inter-State Immigration Association in making known the resources of the State, and what she offers to the investors of capital or to seekers of homes, will be an important one, and should command the attention of our people generally. Every county in the State should be represented in it, that is, every county which has anything in it to invite capital or immigration, and we don't know of any that have not. A good many counties have already taken action, have held meetings and appointed delegates, and all that have not should do so at once. —*Wilmington Star.*

So far as making known the resources of the State is concerned, we hazard nothing in saying it will command and receive the attention of the people, generally speaking. But we think now, as we have maintained all along, that the authorities of the Southern Inter-State Immigration Association have fallen into a serious error in keeping open the doors of the Exposition from October 1st to December 1st—two months, inasmuch as such an arrangement conflicts with the dates for the other fairs to be held throughout the State—for it is during the months of October and November that these local institutions have their annual exhibits. Let the Exposition at Raleigh conflict with the local fairs of the State, and it will brook such opposition as will bode no good for either. Therefore it seems to us to be a better plan for the Exposition to open its doors on the 1st of November, and let there be a little concert of action and general understanding among the fairs to have their exhibits on or before that date, and with the co-operation of the railroads to transfer the exhibits of each fair to Raleigh and there be assigned a position in the Exposition. There would be no harm then in keeping open the Exposition till December 15th, or later, if necessary. By that time everybody would have finished harvesting their crops and be better prepared to visit the Exposition. If some arrangement of this kind is not made we fear the Exposition will fall far short of what it could be made.

MEMORIAL DAY!

THE CONFEDERATE DEAD.

Thousands Participate in the Ceremonies—The Town Full of People from the Surrounding Country—An Imposing Procession—Impressive Services at the Cemetery—A Touching Prayer. —Eloquent Address—Beautiful Music—Floral Tributes in Profusion.

Last Monday's outpouring of people and manifestations of deep interest and feeling, while not unprecedented in the record of such observances here for the past twenty five years, have hardly been surpassed since the close of the war in the numbers in attendance and the imposing character of the ceremonies. Certainly the lapse of time has not closed the hearts of this people to the appeal which the hallowed day, in all its significance, makes upon their sympathies.

By midday the heat was intense, but the streets were crowded with people from all the surrounding country, and by 3 o'clock the grounds in front of the Park House began to fill with the throngs converging to that point from all directions. Promptly at 4 o'clock Chief Marshal John H. Robinson, with his assistants, formed the procession, which, on account of the dust, it was found necessary to keep along the pavements with the exception of the carriages and mounted men. In *personnel* the imposing *cortege*, in part, most fitly symbolized the Confederate cause, for the marshals were, without an exception, veterans of many a bloody field, while the representation of ex-Confederate soldiers, Capt. W. J. Tolar commanding, was unusually large. Headed by the Cornet Band of the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry, the column marched through Hay, Green, Burgess and Cool Spring streets to the lower entrance of the Old Cemetery in the following order:

Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry,
Ex-Confederate Soldiers,
Knights of Pythias,
Carriage containing Orator and Chaplain,
Carriage with Orator's special escort,
Carriage with President and Vice-President of the Ladies' Memorial Association,
Pupils of Graded and private schools, bearing flowers,
Citizens in carriages,
Citizens in procession.

During the progress of the procession through the streets the market and church bells were tolled, and the places of business were closed.

At the cemetery gates the order of march was reversed, and by the time the component parts of the great column had grouped themselves about the monument those on the stand were enabled to survey a vast concourse of people massed in the avenues, and standing or seated in the shelter of the stately and ancient elms.

Capt. John H. Robinson then presented Rev. W. H. Moore, pastor of the Hay Street Methodist Church, who invoked the blessing of the Most High on the solemn ceremonials of the hour in a fervent and eloquent prayer. The introduction of the orator by Rev. E. J. Edwards was very appropriate to the occasion in expression and sentiment, and Maj. T. D. Love, orator of the day, delivered the graceful and stirring address of which we give below the full text—which in its patriotic fevor and eloquence won the hearts and caught the sympathies of his auditors with a power all-sufficient to win admiration and evoke hearty applause without eulogy from us.

Ladies and Gentlemen, Soldiers and Citizens:

Bidden by the Ladies' Memorial Association of your city to address you, I bring to this effort a heart full of love and admiration for a people with whom I have been closely allied, by social as well as business ties, for more than a quarter of a century. Justly noted as they are for grace, culture and refinement, I stand before you appalled by my temerity in stepping out of the sequestered path of trade, to even attempt to fill the measure of your expectancy, and with my first breath I offer you an apology.

I can bring you no flowers of speech, yet I owe it as a duty to my brave comrades, whose graves billow the earth from Gettysburg to Galveston, to raise my voice, however feeble, in attestation of their lofty patriotism and superb courage.

On the very threshold of my discourse I would ask you, What can I say to you more than has already been spoken on similar occasions? It may not be eloquence, it may not be oratory, yet I would lay my wreath of love and affection upon these silent graves.

Standing in this hallowed precinct, in this noble presence of veterans, of the brave and historic Independent Light Infantry, of these fair ladies, every beat of my heart responds to the inspiration of the hour. Who can but feel its emotions and sentiments?

There are no political votaries here with their intrigue and ambition, no devotees of vice or fashion to mar the solemnity of the occasion, but assembled around me are a people for generations noted for virtue and exalted character. Can it be that there is glory in defeat? If not, then why these memorials? Time may dispel the violence of our sorrow, yet a just pride and a high sense of duty enjoin us to continue these offerings to the fame of those whose glory is our proudest heritage. They died for principle, and every generous heart does them homage. Their defeat but intensifies our obligation to deck with flowers their sacred resting-place. To the ladies, whose loving nature and kindly sympathy, whose admiration for the brave, sanctify this day and give its enchantment to the hour, we return our thanks and those of our sleeping comrades. They faltered not in the days of our peril and gloom, and they are the last to linger around our monuments and defend the memory of our soldiers. The wife of the grand hero of the old South, in her sphere, did her duty as nobly as he did himself. Her story of his eventful career of fourscore years is thus subscribed:

"To the soldiers of the Confederacy who cheered and sustained Jefferson Davis in the darkest hour by their splendid gallantry, and never withdrew their confidence from him when defeat settled on our cause, these volumes are affectionately dedicated." No higher tribute has ever been paid to the Confederate soldier.

Jephthah, a warrior of Israel, made a vow in case he was successful in his battle with the Ammonites, to sacrifice to Jehovah his only daughter, and, true to his oath, slew the pride of his heart. How cruel was his fate. His uplifted arm was not stayed as was that of Abraham. And though the sacred page affords us not the name of this innocent girl, which would have stood beside Ruth and Miriam and Mary, we are not told that Jephthah lamented his victory, defeat being even more dreadful than a success which sacrificed his only child. Nothing can exceed the sorrow of a defeated people

In the language of one who wore the gray:

"Pale, fainting from the battle-field,
Carolina leaned on dented shield;
Her broken sword and shivered spear
She laid aside to wipe a tear.
Sob-choked, I heard her feebly say:
'My sons! My sons! Oh! where are they?'"

I would not cumber language to-day with statistics or biography, or attempt the outline of some battle. I leave these to the pen of the historian. As yet without a theme, I find myself unable to select one.

Thirty years ago there reclined on a sofa in the Governor's office at Raleigh, pale and nervous, unable to sit upright from fatal disease, John W. Ellis, Governor of North Carolina. He had just received, and was reading, a telegram from Simon Cameron, Secretary of War, calling for two regiments of military to be used in the coercion of the seceding States. With flashing eye, he snatched a pencil and wrote: "I, sir, can be no party to this wicked violation of the laws of my country. You can get no troops from North Carolina." Brave, courageous Ellis, true statesman, he crystalized in advance the sentiment of his people! In two days from that time Virginia seceded, and the ultimatum came: *North Carolina must fight,* and she chose to go with the South.

Governor Ellis issued his proclamation convening the general assembly, the Convention bill was passed, and on the 20th day of May ensuing (all within one month of the year '61) North Carolina formally withdrew from the Union, and linked her fortune to the flag of the Starry Cross.

Governor Ellis lived but a few months. He died at the Red Sulphur Springs in Virginia on July the 7th, and for the first time in our history our State was called to deplore the loss of a Governor.

The famous 6th Regiment, on its way to the seat of war, was halted for a day in Raleigh, to perform the duty of burying him. It was a fitting escort to so brave a spirit. Thence moving rapidly by rail to Virginia, this corps in less than a week was breasting the storm of war at the battle of Manassas. About three o'clock that bloody day, Joseph E. Johnston, sore-pressed, his left flank doubling up, Rickett's battery sweeping the field, exclaimed: "If I had but three regiments! Just three regiments!" A short distance to the left and rear, moving rapidly forward by the flank, came the gallant 6th, Col. Fisher in the lead. Entering a body of pines, they emerged from this to find themselves in sixty yards of the battery. Forming line, they fired, and charged and captured it. Sweeping beyond, the brave Charles T. Fisher fell, a bullet piercing his brain. General Clingman, who was beside Johnston, said there was such a calm after this that he took out his watch to note the time, thinking the battle was over.

I will not ask your pardon if I mention your Cumberland soldiery. They were as true and brave as any who wore the gray, and fought under its tri-barred banner. In the intimate circle of their comradeship, I was an eye-witness to the conduct of many of them. Company F, of the 24th regiment, was from your county. At the first battle of Fredricksburg they fought at the foot of Maryes Heights. Some of them firing over one hundred times, their ammunition became exhausted, and Sergeant Strickland went to the rear at the peril of his life to obtain a fresh supply. Upon his return, in descending the hill, against which was striking the shot from thousands of muskets and hundreds of cannon, a bullet pierced the arm which sustained his burden, but he heroically came on to the relief of his company.

General D. H. Hill, then Colonel of the 1st Regiment, in his official report of the first battle of the war, makes honorable mention of Privates G. W. Buhmann and James C. MacRae, Co. H., and Privates R. W. Stedman, M. E. Dye, H. E. Benton and James B. Smith, Co. F. The latter was your LaFayette, while the former was none other than the Independent Company. Hundreds of other names are added to your roll of honor, but I must pass on lest I consume too much of your time. Though our cause was lost and our banner forever furled, succeeding generations need have no blush for the conduct of our soldiers. It is unnecessary to dwell upon their records. With a voting population of 100,000, North Carolina sent 110,000 fighting men to the field. To accomplish this she was compelled to send her old men and her boys from sixteen years of age upward. Think of it, ye mothers of to-day, who so tenderly care for your sons, who must have umbrellas and overcoats and overshoes to avert disease and keep off the cold. You are miserable if they go gunning for an afternoon, while the mothers of those perilous times gave up their boys to their country, kissed the dimple on the cheek, and in less than forty eight hours many of them stood, rifle in hand, on the skirmish lines around Richmond and Petersburg. There they stood through many a long winter night, isolated from their comrades, with no companions save the stars overhead. Forsooth, a flash from the other side; no eye to pity, no arm to save, the boy falls forward pierced by a bullet, and moans out "all alone the death rattle."

The last to go in they will be the last to go out.

Those who were then gray-haired have crossed the river, the middle-aged are going over one by one, then will follow the Junior Reserves, and the actors on that grand drama of war, by the places which know them now will know them no more forever.

We have no Mecca to which we yearly assemble, but we have a Medina more sacred.

To go back to the causes which led to the unhappy contest, we trace it to a vital and long-mooted question in our organic law. Webster taught our Nothern brethren one interpretation, while Calhoun taught the Southerners the converse opinion, and the impending conflict went on to a crisis. To avert it a peace conference was held, and our wisest men were sent to it. It ended only in failure. The Hon. Geo. Davis, then in the prime of his manhood, a strong Whig, devoted to the union of States, was one of our delegates from North Carolina. He returned to his home overwhelmed with sorrow. The last effort for peace had failed, and he raised the war cry: "To your tents, O Israel!" Almost any afternoon this great North Carolinian, whose ambition died with the "lost cause," can be seen slowly moving homeward from his law-office in the city of Wilmington. Behind the gentle look of his manly face can be seen "the composure of settled distress." Frequently a group of little girls accompany him. He holds one with each hand, while others catch hold of his cane. How pure in heart, how clean of hand, how kindly, are the truly great! Surely there is no guile in his heart. Traitor! it is profanity to use the word in connection with his name, Patriot! his career as such embellishes the brightest pages in our history. I honor the dead in mentioning him, for he has always been true to their every principle. Proud of our soldiers, we can also be proud of our statesmen.

Southern courage has been well-attested in more than one war. Leonidas and his Spartan band could have no higher boast than this: "Thermopylæ had its messenger of defeat; the Alamo left none." Cæsar, dismounting, seized a retreating color-bearer of his Tenth Legion, and, facing him about, told him he had mistaken the direction of the enemy, while Lee, in attempting to lead his brave Texans, was told to go back by them or they would not go forward.

Our ports blockaded, without means, with inferior weapons, with a wall from the rear worse than the fire from the front, our soldiers stood in lines of fire against which was hurled the heavy columns of the persistent and courageous North. In some instances their letters from home would say to them: "My Dear Husban , I am proud of you as a Confederate soldier, but, before God, your children are starving." Brave men quaked from such missives, but not from the shotted guns of the enemy. If the ungenerous and the parsimonious decry this day, let them kneel at the altars of their country and invoke the gods for a holier inspiration of patriotism.

The true soldiers who wore the gray, and those who wore the blue, have long since buried their bitterness deep, and, I trust, forever. One monument—as that to General Wolfe and the Marquis de Montcalm—might with equal propriety be erected to their common glory.

Our mother State has recently, through her legislature, ably seconded by your county delegation, given substantial aid to the needy veterans. All honor to them. From the unhappy past may we reap wholesome and profitable lessons.

Southern statesmanship, long preeminent in the counsels of our nation, is again beginning to assert an influence, and is to-day the hope of our people. Rome, whose eagles dominated the world, fell from the weight of empire, and it may yet be the task of our Southern statesmen to perpetuate our liberties, and steer us clear of breakers and shipwreck.

The divine authority, that there shall be "wars and rumors of wars," comes to us a prophetic warning; great and abstract questions will again disturb us, and war will some day again darken our land. History will repeat itself, the intellectual combat may last for years, but the final settlement will be by the sword. Such is our frail nature. Let us pray that many years will come and go before the demon of war shall again array us in lines of battle. So long as we hallow the memory of our dead we shall be saved. Forgetting them, our evil natures will be more easily aroused, and swords will be sharpened for the conflict.

We are again under the protection of the stars and stripes. They came back to us against a frowning sky. Those clouds are fast melting from our view, and the bow of hope encircles the horizon, presaging to us that this is a land, "The land of every pride." Let us be a people whose God is the Lord, and we need fear no foes, however formidable. "Not by might nor by power, but by my spirit, saith the Lord of Hosts." Let us have only true and patriotic men to rule the land, and forever arrest the red hand of war. Let us cultivate the fields of industry and the sentiments of peace, so that the traveler in descending the hill beholds the church spire beside the tall chimney of the furnace and factory, sending out its smoke to heaven, and to the watchman we shall answer, "all is well, all is well!"

The laconic words of General Grant, "Let us have peace," are more enduring to his memory than monuments of brass or marble. They were the first inspirations of hope to a heart-broken people. Our hills and dales are resounding with this sentiment, and invocations are going up from every hamlet in our land, that God will preserve us a happy people, all of one faith, united under one flag and partakers of the same glory.

Cheered by hope, inspired by love and chastened by affliction, the day star of our glory is nearing the zenith, and God, even our God, is blessing us with the benediction and heritage—peace on earth and good-will toward man.

Always a very conspicuous feature in our memorial celebration is the profusion of flowers, with the taste displayed in their arrangement, and this year we thought them unusually beautiful. The mound supporting the monument became a flower-bed of tasteful and exquisite designs.

After the musketry volleys by the military, and their salutes over the graves of departed comrades in different parts of the cemetery, the celebration was ended, and the great crowd dispersed.

We congratulate Mrs. Sinclair, President of the Association, on the success which has attended her efforts, Capt. Robinson and his assistant marshals on the admirable management, and Capt. J. D. McNeill, Chief of Police, on the perfect order and system which he infused into all the arrangements.

The Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry Cornet Band, Mr. W. S. Sheetz leader, has captured the hearts of our people. Such music is rare, for it gives not only the correctness of execution but the sweetness of expression of masters of the art.

In Memoriam.

The members of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Presbyterian Church of Fayetteville desiring to give expression to their sense of the heavy loss they have sustained in the death of their beloved President, Miss Hannah Chamberlain, it is

Resolved, That while the whole community mourns the departure of one whose consistent christian life and wise counsels have been a blessing and an inspiration, and all departments of the church work, the withdrawal of an earnest, faithful laborer, it is upon our own Society that this blow has most heavily fallen, and we realize that to us this loss is irreparable. Yet, overwhelmed as we are with grief because our earthly leader and guide has been taken from us, we can still raise our hearts in thanksgiving and praise to God for His goodness in granting us for these few years her inspiring presence and her holy example of a life of self-sacrificing consecration, and we would earnestly pray that He will raise up and fit many others to carry on her life-work of service in the Master's cause.

Resolved, That our secretary be desired to enter these resolutions upon the records of our Society, and that copies be sent to the FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER and *North Carolina Presbyterian* with request for publication, and also to the family of our departed friend and President.

Mrs. FANNIE LANNEAU,
Mrs. A. A. McKETHAN, JR.,
Miss MAGGIE R. ROSE,
Miss ELIZA R. PRIOR,
Committee.

The State Music Festival.

For the Observer.]

MESSRS EDITORS:—As promised, I will attempt an account of the trip of the Fayetteville Choral Association which attended the State Music Festival, held in Charlotte on the 5th and 6th insts. Being somewhat of a novice as a newspaper correspondent, and fearing that I may consume too much of your space if I undertake to say all the good things that might be said of the kind and generous treatment we received at the hands of the hospitable people of Charlotte, I propose to confine myself to a plain statement of facts, unembellished.

Through the kindness of the officials of the C. F. & Y. V. Railway, a special train was provided which conveyed us to Maxton. Leaving here at 10:45 A. M., we made close connection with the Carolina Central R. R., train at noon on Monday, and reached Charlotte at 4:19 o'clock that afternoon, where we were met by a committee with carriages, and conducted to the pleasant homes that had been assigned to us. In addition to the regular committee, Prof. Alex Graham and his brother Archie met us at the depot, and made themselves useful in disposing of our baggage and by other attentions by which they placed us, individually and collectively, under lasting obligations. At night we attended the first rehearsal at the auditorium, where we met the choruses representing the choral associations of Salem, Greensboro, Davidson, Salisbury, Tarboro and Charlotte, numbering about two hundred and twenty-five. Another rehearsal was held Tuesday morning, and in the afternoon an impromptu performance was given by the orchestra and soloists, for which an admittance of 25 cts. was charged, and the house was about two-thirds filled. Tuesday night, the first performance on the programme, opened with the "Redemption Hymn," which was followed by "Holy City," "Fair Ellen," and concluded with "The Old North State," in which the whole audience of between two and three thousand joined.

Wednesday morning there was a last rehearsal, with matinee performance at 3 o'clock, which consisted of a fine orchestral programme, selections by the vocal soloists, concluding with the choral work entitled "On Shore and Sea."

Wednesday night closed the second annual Music Festival of the State of North Carolina, at which was rendered, in first rate style, "Haydn's Creation," concluding with the Hallelujah chorus from Handel's Messiah.

The auditorium in which the Festival was held has but recently been completed at a cost of $4,000. It has a seating capacity of between 4,000 and 5,000, and is well-adapted, in all its appointments, to all large gatherings. It is here that our townsman, Mr. W. P. Fife, the "Drummer Evangelist," is to hold his meetings, which will begin June 2d.

Every member of our chorus was delighted with the trip, and went into ecstacies over the music—especially that of the Orchestra, "The Baltimore Philharmonic," employed for the occasion at a cost of nineteen hundred dollars. No higher compliment could be paid the Charlotte people than to say that they entertain visitors equal to Fayetteville, and we assure them that we will tax their hospitality to a greater extent next year by attending the Festival in much larger numbers. N.

Death of D. A. McDiarmid.

Cumberland county has been called to mourn the loss of many true and noble sons, but among them all none more devoted to her interests or firmer in advocacy of right and truth than D. A. McDIARMID, who departed this life on the afternoon of May 2nd.

Born of a long line of Scotch ancestry, Mr. McDiarmid possessed in high degree those qualities which so characterize the race: strong in his convictions, uncompromising towards evil, firm in his attachments for those in whom he had confidence, compassionate towards the suffering, generous to the poor—he was indeed a devoted husband, father, friend; a man who avoided no responsibility which presented itself to him in the form of duty; at his country's call he volunteered as a Confederate soldier in 1862, in which capacity he did faithful service so long as his services were needed; he enlisted as a "soldier of the cross" in 1863, became a member of Bethel Presbyterian Church, in which he was elected Ruling Elder in 1869, and in this capacity of church member and officer was most favorably known in the community in which he lived.

In 1867 Mr. McDiarmid married Miss M. E. Bostick of Richmond county, who, with six children, still survives him.

He was just entering his 52nd year when the summons came calling him to his reward. Truly the ways of Providence are mysterious, but "what we know not now we shall know hereafter." On Sabbath afternoon of May 3rd, surrounded by a large crowd of sorrowing friends, the body of D. A. McDiarmid was laid peacefully to rest in the family burying-ground near his former residence. The funeral service was conducted by Rev. J. W. Johnson, whose knowledge of the deceased gave him assurance that the change was only one from a world of trouble to a home in heaven. He appropriately referred to that day as being the first Sabbath spent by the departed one in that bright and happy land where Sabbaths have no end. J. W. McL.

Carry the news to Mary,
And, pray, be not too long,
For she is fast declining,
And, surely, 'twould be wrong—
not to tell her of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. We do want Mary to know, in some way or other, that this world-famed remedy will cure her beyond any doubt! It's just the medicine for young womanhood, and thousands has it bridged over that perilous sea.

From every State, from every city, from nearly every neighborhood in this broad land, comes the grateful acknowledgment of what it has done and is doing for our daughters. The only medicine for the distressing and painful irregularities and weaknesses of women, sold with a *positive guarantee* to give satisfaction in every case, or money refunded. In other words, sold *on trial!*

DIED.

PEARCE—In Campbellton, on the 10th of May, 1891, little CHARLES PEARCE, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Calder.

The words of our Lord—"Suffer little children to come unto me, and forbid them not; for of such is the kingdom of God"—fall, like a healing balm, on the broken hearts of parents from whom the dear little ones are taken.

"'I take these little lambs' said he,
'And lay them in my breast;
Protection they shall find in me,
In me be ever blest.
Death may the bands of life unloose
But can't dissolve my love:
Millions of infant souls compose
The family above.'"

E. C. SELL.

Fayetteville, May 12, 1891.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

N. C. BACON—		FODDER,	85
Hog Round,	10	HIDES—	
Sides,	9	Flint—good,	6
Hams,	12	Flint—damaged,	5
WEST. BULK MEATS—		Dry Salt,	7
Sides,	7½	Green,	3
Shoulders,	6	IRON—	
WESTERN BACON—		American,	3
Sides,	8	Swedes,	5@6
Hams,	15	LARD—	
Shoulders,	6@8	N. Carolina,	10
BAGGING,	7½@8	Western,	9
BEEF—		LEATHER—	
On foot,	3	Upper, country,	35@40
Dressed,	5@6	Sole, Hemlock,	25@27
BEESWAX,	18	Harness, c'ntry,	25@30
BUTTER—		MOLASSES,	25@40
North Carolina,	20@25	NAILS—	
Northern,	30@40	(12d basis),	2.60
COFFEE—		PORK—	
Java,	30	Fresh,	5@6
Rio,	22½@25	Mess,	(None.)
COTTON YARN,	85@95	POTATOES—	
COTTON TIES,	1.60	Sweet—new,	40
CHICKENS,	15@35	Irish—o	1.90
EGGS	10	SALT,	95
FLOUR—		SUGARS—	
N. C. Family,	3.50	Coffee,	6
West. Fam.,	5.00@6.00	Granulated,	7
CORN MEAL—	95	SHEETINGS,	6
GRAIN—		SHUCKS,	50
Corn—new.	85	TALLOW,	5
Oats	75@00	WOOL,	18
Rye,	1 10	SPIRITS—	
Peas,	80	Corn Whisky,	.175@2.00
HAY—		Rye Whisky,	1.75@3.00
N. Carolina,	40@60	Ap. Brandy,	1.75@3.00
Northern,	90	Peh Brandy,	1.75@3.00

Fayetteville Cotton and Naval Stores Market

Corrected by A. E. Rankin & Co.

Good Middling..... 8¼
Middling..... 8¼
Strict Low Middling.....
Turpentine, $2.40 to $3.00 per barrel
NAVAL STORES.—Spirits 33¢ cents.
Rosin was steady, prices ranging at 1 05.

Wilmington Market.

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 12.

COTTON.—Cotton steady, with sales on a basis of 8¼ cents for Middling.

SPIRITS TURPENTIE.—The market steady at 35¢ cents per gallon.

TAR—Firm $1.50.

ROSIN.—The market quoted firm at $1.20 per bbl. for Strained and $1.35 cents for Good Strained.

TURPENTINE (Crude) Distillers quote the market firm at $2.25 for Virgin, $2.25 for Yellow Dip and 1.40 for Hard.

HANCOCK'S MONTANA, WHITE MOUNTAIN, ELECTRIC, FINEST TOBACCO, ARE THE BEST ON THIS MARKET. TRADE SUPPLIED BY W. J. McDONALD,
Jobber in Tobaccos, Snuff, Cigars, &c.,
N. W. Corner Market Square,
2 and 4 Green St., Fayetteville, N. C.

C4'S EXCURSION RATES
Tickets Good for Five Days.

KEEP YOUR EYE ON

DILWORTH,

"THE CITY OF AVENUES."

A Suburban Town Site of 450 Acres, forming the Southern Corporate Limits OF

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

The Queen City of the State. A Boulevard 100 feet wide, gives a 3 mile drive around DILWORTH, and its avenues, running at right angles, are 60 feet wide, constructed with a view to sanitary advantages, for sewerage with water facilities. Over one hundred thousand dollars has already been spent on this property and many more thousands will be expended in the near future. The property contains the beautiful LATTA Park of 90 acres, a lovely feature of which is Forsyth lake, nearly 1200 feet long. Taken altogether, this is the prettiest resort of its character in the "Dixie" country. At LATTA Park there are now in course of construction, and will be completed by August 1, 1891, a pavilion designed by the celebrated Norrman, "the architect of beautiful designs," together with a keepers lodge, unique in character and a conservatory after the English pattern, at a cost for the buildings and furnishings of over $13,000, together with other attractive features, now being arranged for by the

Charlotte Consolidated Cons. Co.

The company will offer at public sale on the premises on

MAY, 20, 21, 22, 1891,

a number of valuable building lots, in the immediate vicinity of the picturesque places above described. Terms of sale: One-fourth cash, balance in 1, 2 and 3 years. The visitor to Charlotte on that day, will be present also at the regular annual celebration of

Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence.

This FETE day is a feature of North Carolina's Queen City, and is well worth the trip from the remotest section of our surrounding country. The purchaser of a lot or lots, will be rewarded with the return of the cost of his fare to the sale. Irrespective of business, the pleasures of the day will amply repay all for the outlay. Celebrated music will be on hand to enliven the party. Ample accommodations for visitors, through four hotels and a large number of boarding houses. A finely equipped electric city railway to carry passengers over Charlotte and her environs, now decorated in their beautiful Spring attire.

☞Make a note of it, to visit DILWORTH and CHARLOTTE, May 20, 21, 22, 1891.

For further information, address

CHARLOTTE CONSOLIDATED CONS. CO
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

May 7 1891.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For Sale by B. E. Sedberry, & Son, Fayetteville, N. C.

Why is it, Jim, that you have fattened so? Been chewing Hancock's Montana tobacco, for sale at McIVER'S.

THE LADIES DELIGHTED.

The pleasant effect and the perfect safety with which ladies may use the liquid fruit laxative, Syrup of Figs, under all conditions make it their favorite remedy. It is pleasing to the eye and to the taste, gentle, yet effectual in acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

LACE CURTAINS.

Now is the season when the good housekeeper's mind turns to attractive furnishings. Our stock of fine Lace Curtains, Shades, Rollers and Fixtures was never so complete. All perfectly new and fresh.

FRANK THORNTON.

☞ Say, Ned, where can I get that fine Maritana Tobacco, like you chew? at Horne's.

SATINES.

This class of goods is growing in favor, and in consequence the artists are giving more attention to attractive designs. We now exhibit them in all the new shades, with solid colors to match if desired.

FRANK THORNTON.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A Wonder Worker.

Mr. Frank Huffman, a young man of Burlington, Ohio, states that he had been under the care of two prominent physicians, and used their treatment until he was not able to get around. They pronounced his case to be Consumption and incurable. He was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, and at that time was not able to walk across the street without resting. He found, before he had used half of a dollar bottle, that he was much better; he continued to use it, and

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., MAY 14, 1891.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Weekly one year (in advance).....$2 00
Weekly six months (in advance)..... 1 00

☞ No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after expiration of time paid for.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication. Four weeks constitute a month. Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

☞ All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

☞ The Editors of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by correspondents.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

Elected Treasurer.

Mr. H. O. Sedberry has been elected Town Treasurer to succeed the lamented Jno. C. Haigh of spotless integrity and character. Mr. Sedberry will worthily fill this important position.

The "Cuban Maid."

We have received a copy of the "Cuban Maid," a song recently composed by Mr. Louis D. Robinson, a native of this place, but for some years a resident of Pensacola. A few nights ago he rendered it before a Pensacola audience at a performance of the "Invincible Minstrels," eliciting much applause.

New Berne Collegiate Institute.

Prof. Geo. T. Winston, of the University of North Carolina, will deliver the annual address at the Commencement of New Berne Collegiate Institute, and Rev. Dr. J. W. Carter, of Raleigh, will deliver the annual sermon. Prof. G. T. Adams is Principal of the Institute—a Cumberland man, in whose success we congratulate his many friends.

The Manchester Ship Canal.

Hon. E. J. Hale, ex-Consul of the United States to Manchester, England, is now visiting the larger cities of the South in the interests of the Manchester Ship Canal, of which he is the American representative. He has recently delivered able addresses before the boards of trade of New Orleans and Savannah, and this week he will visit Charleston.

True Bill.

In the case of the State against Archie Smith, the convict "trusty" charged with a criminal assault upon a highly-respected lady of Rockfish, the grand jury last week found a true bill, and the defendant was remanded to the penitentiary authorities, and was placed under a bond for his appearance at the next term of the Superior Court of Cumberland, when his case will come up for trial.

The Homicide in Robeson County.

At last accounts McDougald, of Laurinburg, charged with the murder of his uncle, Simeon Conoley, was still at large, though the Governor has offered a reward of $200 for his arrest, while the county of Robeson has offered a reward of $100, thus making a total of $300 now offered for his whereabouts. McDougald's mysterious disappearance from his home a few days since lends additional weight to the current belief that he is the murderer of his uncle, notwithstanding it has turned out that the insurance policy was not made payable to him, as was first alleged.

Mr. Fife at Salisbury.

Evangelist Fife returned a few days ago from Salisbury, where he has closed another very successful meeting. As a result 176 persons have expressed a desire to unite with the various churches of that place as follows: Methodist 87; Episcopal 9; Presbyterian 41; Lutheran 31; Baptist 8. Quite a number of towns all over the country are calling Mr. Fife to hold meetings. His next appointments are: Spartanburg, S. C., May 17; Charlotte, June 2; Greensboro, June 18; Mt. Airy, July 5; Sanford, July 26. Mr. Fife leaves this week with his family to spend some time at Cleveland Springs.

Through Connections with Charleston, S. C.

Col. J. H. Averill, of Sumter, S. C., and General Manager of the Charleston, Sumter & Northern R. R., has been in Fayetteville this week, looking after the interests of his line. While here he met and held a conference with some of the C. F. & Y. V. authorities, with a view to effecting arrangements for running through trains between this place and Charleston immediately upon the completion of the C. S. & N. R. R. from Bennettsville to Charleston, which is expected to be finished and in operation on or about the middle or latter part of July next. Col. Averill expressed himself as being favorably impressed with the Cape Fear metropolis, and the general outlook for the through connections, negotiations for which are pending.

Religious Notes.

Rev. Dr. Dixon, President of Greensboro Female College, will occupy the pulpit of Hay Street Methodist Church on Sunday morning next. It is "Children's Day" in the church, and the anniversary of the Sunday School will be celebrated in the afternoon, with the presentation of the reports of officers. Dr. Dixon and others will make brief addresses, and to the other Sunday Schools of the city a cordial invitation is extended to attend the exercises.

Rev. Dr. J. C. Huske will hold services at St. Thomas Chapel, on Hybart's Hill, next Sunday morning, 17th inst., and at Christ Church, at Rockfish, on Sunday, 24th inst.

Rev. Jonas Barclay, son of the pastor, Rev. T. P. Barclay, filled the pulpit of the Presbyterian Church last Sunday evening, giving a discourse which was listened to with much interest by those present. He will soon commence evangelical work for the counties of Union and Anson.

MEMORIAL SERMON.

Impressive Services in Hay Street Methodist Church—Able Discourse by Rev. W. H. Moore—The Independent Light Infantry attend in a Body—A Large Audience—Beautiful Sacred Music.

The most impressive religious services which the people of this city have had an opportunity of attending in many years were those held in the Hay Street Methodist Church last Sunday morning—on the occasion of the delivery of the memorial sermon by Rev. W. H. Moore.

By special invitation the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry were present in full uniform, without arms, Maj. John B. Broadfoot commanding, and occupied the right-hand seats in the middle block of the church. The devotional exercises were ushered in with the Voluntary by the choir: Chorus from "The Holy City." After scripture reading, prayer and the morning hymns, Miss Barker rendered at the Offertory the beautiful solo, "The Battle Prayer," and Mr. Moore commenced his discourse, selecting as his text the 7th verse of the 4th chapter of Joshua.

We do not consider it necessary to comment here on the subject-matter of Mr. Moore's able sermon and his very masterly and eloquent treatment of the theme, as we intend to give our readers the pleasure of enjoying it in full next week—a pleasure which, much to our regret, press of matter compels us to deny them in this issue. There was in this scholarly and polished address not only much to gratify the æsthetic taste but the material for an impressive lesson to those who have just attained manhood, and upon whose minds the trend of thought and the bias of opinion are to produce the impression that their fathers were a band of fanatics plunging their country into a great conflict from the impulse of passion—and, as an exponent of the sentiment of a Southern community, we thank the able speaker for having so well performed a solemn duty. Mr. Moore had a splendid audience—not only his own large congregation but numbers from all the other denominations of the city—and we were especially glad to see the ranks so full of the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry, upon whom we rely, above aught else, to preserve in all honor the memory of those who died in the vindication of principle.

At the close of the sermon the choir sang "No Shadows Yonder;" and, with the usual concluding exercises, the congregation was dismissed.

Change of Schedule.

Going into effect on the 17th inst., the west-bound passenger train on the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway will leave Wilmington at 9:25 A. M. instead of at 9:00 A. M., arriving at Fayetteville at 12:45 P. M. instead of at 12:25 P. M.; it will leave Fayetteville at 1:10 P. M. instead of at 12:50, and arrive at Mt. Airy at 8:30 P. M. instead of at 9 P. M.

The east-bound train will leave Mt. Airy at 5:30 A. M. instead of at 5:15 A. M., and will arrive at Fayetteville at 2:10 P. M. instead of at 2:30 P. M.; it will leave Fayetteville at 2:35 P. M., and arrive at Wilmington at 5:55 P. M.

The south-bound train leaves Fayetteville at 3:00 P. M. instead of 3:30 P. M., and arrives at Bennettsville at 6:15 P. M. instead of at 6:45 P. M. There is no change in the schedule of the north-bound train from Bennettsville, and the changes are slight on the Factory and Madison branches of the line.

The speed of travel is increased under the new schedule, as 55 minutes are gained from Wilmington to Mt. Airy, and 50 minutes from Mt. Airy to Wilmington.

Obituary.

Mr. D. G. McMillan, of this city, died at the residence of his brother, Mr. Thos. H. McMillan, in Savannah, Ga., at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 12th inst., aged about 48 years.

He was the senior member of the firm of McMillan Bros.—perhaps the largest manufacturers of stills and still fixtures in the South, whose largely increasing business a few years since demanded the establishment of a branch-house at Savannah in cooperation with the one here.

The deceased, like his brothers, was a self-made man—they found their capital in their own energy and unflagging industry, which availed not only to plan and direct their business but to wield the hammer and guide the tool in the workshops—and he will be missed no little in a community of lifelong friends who gave him their esteem and affection.

The remains were brought here for interment, and the funeral will take place at 10 o'clock this morning from the Presbyterian church.

Destructive Conflagration.

Fire broke out in the drug store of the Maxton Drug Company at Maxton yesterday morning about 2 o'clock, destroying in a short while the entire block of five stores, entailing a loss of several thousand dollars. Our informant was unable to give us the names of the parties who suffered other than the Maxton Drug Company, Mr. Charles Holland, hardware, and a barber shop. The fire is almost directly traceable to an incendiary, as a party was seen making his exit through an alley upon the discovery of the fire by the citizens.

Worth Knowing.

Mr. John Underwood publishes an "open letter" in to-day's OBSERVER, and if you want life insurance in a good, reliable company see him.

Rose & Leak announce the arrival of their new goods.

Col. T. S. Lutterloh & George V. Strong offers some valuable land for sale in to-day's paper.

Mrs. E. G. Spencer calls the attention of the public to her stock of latest styles in hats, bonnets and millinery.

CHICORA CEMETERY.

The Loyal-hearted Men and Women of Smithville—Memorial Tributes to Confederate Dead Decorations of Flowers—Address, etc.

The annual memorial ceremonies were observed at Chicora Cemetery, at Smithville in this county, on Saturday last, 9th inst., commencing at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Rev. Mr. Hough, pastor of Bluff Church, —himself one of the gallant South Carolinians who formed most of the Confederate forces at the battle of Averasboro—in appropriate and pleasing terms introdueed Mr. J. H. Myrover, of Fayetteville, who delivered a brief address.

The assemblage about that beautiful memorial stone, eloquently inscribed to those athwart whose graves its lengthening evening shadows fall; the sweet flowers freshening and beautifying the sod; the deep feeling which inspired every moment of the simple but impressive ceremonies:—availed better than all words to testify to the purity and endurance of the noble sentiment which more than a quarter of a century ago collected the remains of these unknown dead as tenderly as a father would cherish the dust of his child, and raised above their heads the monumental shaft that posterity might keep hallowed the spot which had drunk of sacrificial blood, and which still animates the hearts of these loyal men and women, and has instilled the same steadfast devotion into the souls of their children.

Since their praiseworthy efforts were crowned with success by the inclosure of the cemetery with a handsome iron railing, the erection of the monument (the work of the lamented George Lauder) and the splendid dedicatory oration of Hon. T. C. Fuller before a gathering of 4,000 persons, the people of Smithville have never once failed in their yearly tribute to the memories which have made this little resting-place of the dead alongside the quiet country road as historic as nature has made it fair and peaceful. Could it be otherwise in a community where a high standard of unselfish citizenship has been the best type of manhood, and the love of country has been conspicuous among the virtues of a charming Southern womanhood? Besides, time, with all its changes, has spared many a relic of the stirring event of April, 1865: the forest trees bear yet the scars of men at strife, the plow still turns up the rusted bayonet and the fragment of shell, while the marks of the musket-balls were at our elbow and the track of the hurtling shell, on the walls of the old homestead where, with the family of Mr. W. Doug. Smith, we enjoyed the delightful hospitality which, combining the charm of refinement and the warmth of friendship, is found in perfection only in a homogeneous Southern neighborhood.

The Confederate Memorial celebration is comparatively easy in the large towns where great assemblages are common and readily arranged, but it is very different where the possible participants must travel many miles to the place of meeting, and the observance of such an occasion is a labor of love involving something of self-sacrifice. For their devotion in the face of such disadvantages the ladies of the Chicora Cemetery Memorial Association merit all honor; and we especially congratulate them upon the beauty of their exercises and the solemnity of purpose and decorum of bearing evinced about those soldiers' graves. We are not without experience on the rostrum, and we have never faced a more admirable audience than that of last Saturday afternoon.

Following are the names of the present officers of the Association: Mrs. W. Douglas Smith, President; Mrs. J. A. D. McKay, Miss Fannie McBryde, Miss I. Ross Smith, Vice-Presidents; Miss Frank Faison, Secretary; Miss Clara Hodges, Corresponding Secretary; Miss Bessie Robeson, Treasurer.

A Change.

The large and well-known house of A. E. Rankin & Co. is to be congratulated upon having secured the very efficient services of Mr. Leighton Huske as bookkeeper, to succeed Mr. C. L. Taylor, who recently resigned to accept the place of Secretary and Treasurer of the Fayetteville Wood and Willow Ware Company. By this change Mr. W. L. Hawley, who has so satisfactorily served "behind the counter" for the past two years or more, has been promoted to the chief clerkship of the immense grocery establishment, to succeed Mr. J. F. Davis, who for the present finds it necessary to retire from active business on account of failing health. In the misfortune which has befallen Mr. Davis our people with one accord deeply sympathize with him, and indulge the hope that he may find relief in this much-needed rest, and will soon be himself again.

List of Letters.

Following is the list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Fayetteville postoffice May 11th, 1891:

Hattie Armstrong, Mrs. J. S. Bethea, B. K. Butler, Derry Brunem, William Butler, J. A. Bruner, J. D. Bruton, Bullard & Carter, J. D. Cook, W. H. Davis, Ida Dixon, Joshua Dunn, Nathan Elliott, Tener J. Elliott, Sarah Graham, Mrs. N. E. Hall, Miss W. E. Hall, Mrs. —— Hackney, Mrs. N. E. Hall, Ridley Holt, Anna G. Hunt, Louis Jones, Jane Mitchell, Fracis Mullen, Aley Jane McAlister, Billie Danee, Sallie M. Peterson, L. W. Pool, Capt. B. M. Potter, Hetty Porter, D. H. Robinson, Harper Smith, H. W. Smith, M. R. Smith, Ransom Shoklen, Roby Sheets, B. L. Taylor, S. H. Ward, Miss C. Watson, Fannie White, Eley Wright, Joel Williams, Roger Williams.

Persons calling for above letters will say advertised. D. F. WEMYSS, P. M.

Mr. J. Burgwyn MacRae, of Northampton county, paid us a second visit last week, and we are glad to know that there is great probability of his again making Fayetteville his residence before the year is out.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. Morrison Divine, of Wilmington, was here last week.

Mr. J. W. Mallett, now residing at Leighton, Ga, is visiting his many friends in this city.

Mrs. Robt. Southerland attended the Memorial Exercises at Chicora Cemetery last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Maultsby and son, of the Central Hotel, of Bennettsville, have been spending a few days in Fayetteville.

Mr. Alex. Gilchrist, of Moore county, a Scotchman of the old school, paid his respects to the OBSERVER during the past week.

Messrs. W. D. Gaster, S. G. Sutton and W. H. Flowers are attending the annual meeting of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. at Oxford this week.

We were pleased to see Mrs. T. D. Love present at our Memorial services this week. Maj. and Mrs. Love were guests during their stay in the city of Maj. and Mrs. A. A. McKethan.

Mr. R. Percy Gray, Vice President of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R., and Drs. D. W. C. Benbow and W. A. Lash, of the Directory, were in Fayetteville this week, coming down in special car.

Maj. W. A. Guthrie, of Durham, attended Superior Court here last week—receiving, as he always does, a warm welcome from his Fayetteville friends, spending a day at Hope Mills (where he caught no fish—a Durham man never sees enough water to know how to fish), and otherwise enjoying himself.

We enjoyed a pleasant visit from Mr. R. B. Monroe, of Cheraw, S. C., last Monday. Mr. Monroe enjoys the weekly visits of the OBSERVER, and can find no paper to take its place. He therefore added two dollars to our treasury, and went his way rejoicing. During his conversation he gave it as his opinion that Wade Hampton would be the next Governor of the "Palmetto State."

What Shall the Harvest Be?

Why! What can it be but suffering and sorrow, disease and death, if you neglect the symptoms of a disordered liver? Take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It outsells all other remedies. Sold under condition that it must either benefit or cure the patient or the money paid for it will be promptly returned. It cures all diseases arising from deranged liver, or from impure blood, as biliousness, "liver complaint," all skin and scalp diseases, salt rheum, tetter, scrofulous sores and swellings, fever sores, hip-joint disease and kindred ailments.

"Away! Away! There is danger here!
A terrible phantom is bending near:
With no human look, with no human breath,
He stands beside thee—the haunter—Death!"

If there is one disease more than another that comes like the unbidden guest at a banquet, it is Catarrh. Insidiously it steals upon you, "with no human breath" it gradually, like the octopus winds its coils about you and crushes you. But there is a medicine, called Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, that can tear you away from the monster, and turn the scythe's point of the reaper. The makers of this wonderful remedy offer, in good faith, a standing reward of $500 for an incurable case of Catarrh in the Head.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well-known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist, and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system, and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters.—Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and $1.00 per bottle, at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store.

A BOON TO THE SICK.

Dr. King's Royal Germetuer is endorsed by Rev. J. B. Hawthorne, pastor First Baptist Church, Atlanta, Ga., who says: "It is a great remedy." Rev. Sam P. Jones says: "I wish every poor suffering wife had access to that medicine." Thousands of others attest its virtues. Fifty gallons are drunk in Atlanta daily, where it is performing remarkable cures. It removes the cause of disease and builds up from the first dose. Send stamp for full particulars, certificates of wonderful cures, etc., to King's Royal Germetuer Co., Atlanta, Ga. IT CURES WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS. Price, $1.50 per concentrated bottle, which makes one gallon of medicine as per directions accompanying each bottle. Can be sent by express C. O. D. if your druggist cannot supply you.

NEW GOODS.

ROSE & LEAK have received this week new and

SEASONABLE GOODS,

consisting of many articles that they had sold out of. Prices of all kinds of goods are marked

VERY LOW,

so that no one can complain justly of high-priced goods. At the reduced prices those popular

KID SHOES

are selling rapidly. A lot of

GENTS' - FINE - SHOES

AT POPULAR PRICES.

ALL GOODS SOLD FOR CASH.
ONE PRICE TO ALL.

Respectfully,
ROSE & LEAK.

May 14, 1891. 1t

Sale of Land.

By virtue of a deed of trust to me executed by C. H. Hill and wife, of Romney, West Virginia, and registered in the Register's office of Cumberland County in Book R, No. 4, page —, I will sell at public auction for cash, at the Court-house door in Fayetteville, on Saturday, the 13th day of June next, at the hour of 11:30 o'clock A. M., two hundred and seventeen acres, less 2½ acres, claimed by Henry and Mary Carver (colored), cut off from the southern part of a certain tract of land situated in said county, in Rockfish Township, on the Cape Fear River, about five miles from Fayetteville, adjoining the lands of John Carver, H. G. Hill and others; said tract comprising two smaller tracts, the one known as the Carmon or Love tract and the other as the Mooney tract, having been conveyed by one Marcus A. Baker to C. H. & H. G. Hill, by deed dated the 9th day of October, A. D. 1882, and registered in the Register's office of said county, and containing 347 acres more or less—the said 217 acres being particularly described in the deed first above-mentioned.

GEORGE V. STRONG.

Raleigh, May 9, 1391. ts

Mortgage Sale.

In pursuance of power of sale contained in a mortgage from Churchill Bernard to T. S. Lutterloh, dated the 30th of December, 1883, and duly proven and registered in Cumberland County, in Book Z, No. 3, page 188, the undersigned mortgagee will expose to public sale at the Court-house door in Fayetteville the premises therein described, on Monday, the 15th day of June, 1891, it being two tracts of land in 71st township containing 30 acres on northwest side of Beaver Creek, and joining the lands of S. C. Harris, T. S. Lutterloh and others.

Time of sale: June 15th, 1891, at 12 o'clock.
Terms: Cash

T. S. LUTTERLOH,
May 14, 1891—4t] Mortgagee.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN OPEN LETTER.

Virginia and North Carolina Agency,
Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co,
No. 1,108 Main Street,

RICHMOND, VA., April 20, 1891.

To Our Policyholders and the Public:

The first dividends on Tontine Policies in the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, to be paid this year, 1891, will be from 40 to 60 per cent. larger than similar Tontine Dividends in New York Companies. A premonition of this portentous truth has made the agents of other companies more industrious than ever in circulating attacks upon the Northwestern, and endeavoring to show by false ratios and delusive figures that the "Northwestern's dividends have been falling off." There are too many of these attacks, anonymous and otherwise, to answer them individually, and Northwestern agents are too busy writing new business to notice in detail all these charges, many of which they have already exploded, and some of which are self-explosive, carrying on their face their own easy refutation.

If you are seriously thinking of Life Insurance, and are looking for that Company which will make you the largest returns, and consequently give you in the end the cheapest insurance, please invite the agent of any company making these attacks to go with you to the office of the nearest Northwestern agent, and if it can be proved: first, that the Northwestern's dividends are running down; or second, that the Northwestern's dividends on similar policies are not very much larger than the dividends of the companies whose agents are circulating these attacks, then the Northwestern agent will agree willingly and forever to retire from the Life Insurance business, and leave the field free to the attacking companies. Nobody objects to fair play, and certainly no agent of an attacking company ought to decline the opportunity of proving the assertions he has been circulating so broadcast against a competitor.

We want no business and ask for no man's application unless we can prove that the Northwestern will do better by him than any other company.

As an illustration of the truth of this assertion we append the following record of two leading companies on the life of the well-known Jno. H. Schoolfield, of Danville, Va., issued in 1889: same age (51), same amount ($10,000)—ordinary life plan—dividends used in cash to reduce premiums:

	Equitable.	Northwestern.
No. of Policy,	421,720	184,222
Annual Premium,	$494.00	$498.90
Cash Dividends 1890 & 1891,	94.50	131.97

Now, again, let us suppose that you were going to buy bank stock of two or more banks, and one declared dividends to the amount of $131.97 and the other $94.50, which would you select, the former or the latter? Why the former, to be sure. Then if you exercise the same good judgment in insurance that you would in buying bank stock, certainly you would place your insurance with the Northwestern Mutual.

Jno. B. Cary & Son,
General Agents.
Jno. Underwood & Bro.,
District Agents,
No. 2 Thornton Block,
Fayetteville, N. C.

May 14—tf.

MILLINERY.

MRS. E. G. Spencer desires to remind her old friends and to assure new patrons that she has in stock all the

Latest Styles in Hats, Bonnets and MILLINERY GOODS,

and guarantees satisfaction to customers at her store in Hotel LaFayette Building, Hay Street.

BOARDING.

She can also accommodate five or six single gentlemen with pleasant rooms and good board at Mrs. Dodd's residence on Green street.

May 14—tf.

SODA WATER,

MILK SHAKES AND SHERBETS.

OUR FOUNTAIN

IS NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON.

A. J. COOK & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
N. W. Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

April 23, 1891.

Valuable Office for Sale,

Also Three Shares of Factory Stock.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, made at May Term, 1891, in the cause of Wm. G. LeDuc, Receiver, &c., vs. R. S. Huske and others, the undersigned will offer for sale at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., on June 8th, 1891, at 12 o'clock M., for cash, that valuable double office on Bow Street, at present occupied by J. B. Troy, Esq.

B. R. HUSKE, Commissioner.

At the same time and place, on same terms, I will offer for sale three shares of the Capital Stock of the Manchester Mills Manufacturing Company, held by the People's National Bank of Fayetteville, as collateral security upon a certain note.

WM. G. LEDUC, Receiver
of People's National Bank of Fayetteville, N. C.
R. P. BUXTON, Atty.
Fayetteville, N. C., May 6, 1891. ts

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. | NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A Word to the Wise!

If you are thinking of buying a PIANO or ORGAN, either for CASH or on the INSTALLMENT PLAN, you will do well to write me for styles and prices. I have in stock the "KNABE" Piano, which needs no comment, as it is pronounced by the finest musicians to be the KING OF PIANOS.

I also have the

Gabler, Harrington, New England and Hale Pianos;

ALL FIRST-CLASS INSTRUMENTS. IN ORGANS I HAVE THE

Packard, Bridgeport, Dyer, Hughes and Waterloo,

and I invite a careful examination of all these instruments, as I am satisfied I can please you with some of them. Call and see them, or write for catalogues and prices.

Respectfully,
E. B. McDUFFIE.

April 16, 1891. 2m.

MAJ. JNO. W. SCOTT, President. W. F. CRAVEN, Sec'y and Treas'r.

SANFORD SASH AND BLIND COMPANY

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDING, BRACKETS,

and Dealers in all Kinds of Pine Lumber,

SANFORD, N. C.

We use first-class material; we do only first-class work, and we cheerfully guarantee satisfaction.

Correspondence solicited. Orders promptly filled.

April 9, 1891. 6m

Never broken

—Kabo. The "bones" in the Kabo corset are made of it —warranted for a year, too.

It's a corset you can wear a few weeks, and then get your money back if it doesn't suit.

But it's pretty sure to suit —else it wouldn't be sold so.

FOR SALE BY

ROSE & LEAK.

Pemberton's Book & Music House,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Having accepted the Agency for

LUDDEN & BATES'

Southern Music House, we offer the following celebrated Pianos and Organs:

PIANOS:

CHICKERING, IVERS & POND, MATHUSHEK, MASON & HAMLIN, LESTER AND STERLING.

Installment Plan $30 cash and $10 per month.

ORGANS:

WILCOX & WHITE, MASON & HAMLIN, STERLING AND NEEDHAM.

Installment Plan $5 Cash and $5 per month.

Sewing Machines.

The well-known NEW HOME and the Celebrated WHEELER & WILSON No. 9.

Just received a large lot of Hammocks, Croquet Sets and Base Ball Goods of every description. Do not buy without seeing us. Send for our Catalogues.

Pianos and Organs put in your house free of charge with privilege of 15 days trial before purchasing.

May 7, 1891.

North Carolina—Cumberland County.

S. Younts, Son & Co. vs. B. L. Williams.

Notice of Execution Sale.

By virtue of an execution directed to the undersigned from the Superior Court of Mecklenburg County in the above-entitled action, I will, on Monday, the 1st day of June, 1891, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court-House door of Cumberland County, sell to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said execution, all the right, title and interest which the said B. L. Williams has in the following described real estate, to wit: Lot No. 4, in the division of the lands of William L. Williams, deceased, beginning at the upper and last corner of lot No. 3, on the river bank, and runs thence with the line of No. 3 severing the corner S. 71 E. 86 chains to the corner of lot No. 3, thence S. 55 W. 6 chains to a stake and pointers, a corner of lot No. 5, thence with the line of No. 5, N. 13 W. 90 chains to Little River, thence down the various courses of the river to the beginning, containing 89 acres more or less. See Book A of Records and Decrees in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Cumberland County for fuller discription, &c.

J. B. SMITH,
May 7, 1891. Sheriff of Cumberland County. 4tod

LAND SALE.

Under and by virtue of the power given by an order of the Superior Court made on the 30th day of April, 1891, in the Special Proceedings of A. A. McKethan, Jr., Executor of A. A. McKethan vs. Lovedy McKethan and others, the undersigned will offer for sale at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., on the 8th day of June, 1891 at 12 o'clock M., the following lands. Terms one half cash, balance at six months with interest from day of sale at eight per cent. Title reserved till all purchase money is paid, viz: 10 acres of land on Cape Fear River and Wilmington Road, in two tracts, joining lands of Hon. G. M. Rose and M. Faulk; 50 acres in Mineral Spring swamp, joining Orrell and others.

100 acres on southern extension of Wilson Short-Cut Railroad about two miles from town.

235 acres in Rockfish Township, known as the Pearce land, about four miles from town.

An undivided one-sixth interest in the McKellar lands near Longstreet Church, in 71st Township.

A. A. McKETHAN, JR.,
Executor of A. A. McKethan.

C. W. BROADFOOT, Attorney.
Fayetteville, N. C., May 6, 1891. ts

Sunnyside Still to the Front

with NEW ROSES, NEW CHRYSANTHEMUMS NEW BEGONIAS and a select and well-grown stock of General Greenhouse and Bedding Plants Fine Ornamental Evergreens. *The Home Florist* for 1891 free to all.

JAMES M. LAMB
Feb'y 19, 1891—tf Fayetteville, N. C.

☞ Try W. T. Hancock's Celebrated Rough and Ready Brand and White Mountain Tobacco, for sale at Garrason's.

Nothing Succeeds Like Success.

This can be said of the nice goods we sell, as none better are sold in this city. We invite inspection. Prices will be in accordance with quality of goods.

FOR FRESH STRAWBERRIES, ASPARAGUS and VEGETABLES and FRUITS IN SEASON,

call on us or leave your order.

Call when in need of N. C. Hams and Bacon, S. C. Hams, Breakfast Bacon, S. C. Shoulders, Dry Beef (we chip this). We sell Fresh Eggs now at 12½c.

Fine Butter of the well-known house of Jno. S. Martin & Co.

BANANAS, ORANGES AND FINE CANDIES.

See us before you buy.

Agents for S. S. Manufacturing Co. Fruit Crates and Baskets.

A. S. HUSKE, Ag't,
Fayetteville, N. C.

May 7, 1891.

Simply This and Nothing More.

IT IS WITH THE WARMEST FEELINGS OF GRATITUDE TO MY FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS THAT I TENDER TO THEM MY SINCERE THANKS FOR ASSISTING AND GENEROUSLY SUPPORTING ME IN ESTABLISHING AND MAINTAINING WHAT IS NOW CONSIDERED THE LEADING DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA. YOUR PATRONAGE I ASSURE YOU, IS APPRECIATED, AND IS AN INCENTIVE TO USE MY BEST ENDEAVORS TO MERIT AND DESERVE ITS CONTINUANCE. HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM A TWO WEEKS' VISIT TO ALL OF THE LARGE NORTHERN AND EASTERN CITIES, I CANNOT, IN THIS ISSUE, ENUMERATE THE MANY NOVELTIES OBTAINED, BUT NEXT WEEK, AND EACH WEEK FOLLOWING, I WILL, THROUGH THE "OBSERVER," KEEP YOU POSTED AS TO THE CORRECT STYLES IN DRY GOODS.

FRANK THORNTON.

Excursion Rates over the C. F. & Y. V. R. R.

CIRCULAR No. 1,003
CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RAILWAY CO.,
General Passenger Department,
CIRCULAR No. 1,023.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., April 14th, 1891.

Meeting of the North Carolina State Medical Society.

To Agents:

You are authorized to apply Tariff 4, Circular 544, in the sale of round trip tickets from your S. R. T. book to Greensboro on account of meeting of the North Carolina State Medical Society and Board of Examiners at Asheville, N. C.

Tickets on sale May 21st to 26th. Extreme limit June 2nd, 1891.

The following rates will govern from competitive points: Fayetteville, $12.90; Sanford, $11.30; Maxton, $12.80; Wilmington, $15.45.

W. E. KYLE, G. P. A.

April 16, 1891—tf

THE LADIES

Have An Interest In This.

MRS. JOHN SHAW awaits with pleasure the visits of her old friends and customers. The Spring styles are elegant, and her

Spring Millinery

embraces the most elegant shapes and novelties in Hats, Bonnets, Trimmings, etc. Her stock is unusually

Beautiful and Complete,

and cannot fail of pleasing her patrons.

March 26, 1891. 2m

For Sale.

I offer for sale my entire stock of CONFECTIONERY, TOYS, &c., together with the BAKERY FIXTURES, &c., connected therewith. A good opening is offered for any one desiring to conduct such business.

Miss JANE McKENZIE.

May 7, 1891—tf

NOTICE.

All notes and accounts of the Fayetteville Graded School are now due and must be paid at once. They can be found at the store of Chas. Haigh, who will receipt for the same.

C. W. BROADFOOT,
R. M. NIMOCKS,
CHAS. HAIGH,
May 7, 1891—tf Ex. Com.

New Soda Water Apparatus

—AT—

Horne's Pharmacy

New and improved Generator; sheet-tin-lined fountains, insuring against copper contamination; New Drinks; Jersey Milk Shakes; extra care in making Syrups from the best materials.

H. R. HORNE.

April 30, 1891 1m

Wall Papers.

5,000 pieces just in.

Latest spring patterns.

Borders to suit. Prices low.

W. N. TILLINGHAST.

April 23, 1891. 4t

NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS.

The reason RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER is the most wonderful medicine is because it has never failed in any instance, no matter what the disease, from LEPROSY to the simplest disease known to the human system.

The scientific men of to-day claim and prove that every disease is

CAUSED BY MICROBES,

—AND—

RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER

Exterminates the Microbes and drives them out of the system, and when that is done you cannot have an ache or pain. No matter what the disease, whether a simple case of Malaria Fever or a combination of diseases, we cure them all at the same time, as we treat all diseases constitutionally.

Asthma, Consumption, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Disease, Chills and Fevers, Female Troubles in all its forms, and, in fact, every Disease known to the Human System.

Beware of Fraudulent Imitations!

See that our Trade-Mark (same as above) appears on each jug.

Send for book "History of the Microbe Killer," given away by

B. E. SEDBERRY & SON.
March 27, 1891. 1y

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

"From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children." DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

THE

Electropoise

(TRADE MARK.)

THE LIFE-WORK OF AN EDUCATED PHYSICIAN, IS AN INSTRUMENT FOR THE

Cure of Disease Without Medicine

BASED on new theories of the cause and cure of disease, it deals with the electrical and magnetic conditions of the body and the gases surrounding it in the atmosphere, controlling these conditions as will. It is not electricity.

DISEASE is simply impaired vitality. The Electropoise constantly adds to the vitality and only assists **nature, in nature's way,** to throw off the trouble. Nothing is easier of proof than that, with this treatment, cures are made which by all other known means are impossible.

ACUTE CASES of all kinds are cured in hours by its random use.

One-tenth the intelligence and perseverance devoted to ordinary methods of medication works miracles in all CHRONIC CASES.

This is an **inexhaustible home treatment.**

For testimonials from people **YOU KNOW** and all further information, call on or address

ELECTROPOISE,
1425 N. Y. AVE., WASHINGTON, D. C.
May 7, 1891. 1y

Every Month

many women suffer from Excessive or Scant Menstruation; they don't know who to confide in to get proper advice. Don't confide in anybody but try

Bradfield's
Female Regulator

a Specific for PAINFUL, PROFUSE, SCANTY, SUPPRESSED and IRREGULAR

MENSTRUATION.

Book to "WOMAN" mailed free.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists.

W. J. McDONALD, Jr.,

7

WHOLESALE DEALER AND JOBBER IN

Wines, Liquors,
Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, &c.

Pure Whiskies and Wines for medicinal purposes a specialty.

NORTHWEST CORNER MARKET SQUARE
Feb'y 5, 1891—tf

FIRE INSURANCE.

The ÆTNA is one of the strongest companies in the world, having a capital of 4,000,000.

Her dealings are unquestionable.

She has paid out in Chicago alone $3,800,000 in losses.

Place your risks in strong companies.

B. R. HUSKE, Agent.

Tutt's Pills

stimulates the torpid liver, strengthens the digestive organs, regulates the bowels, and are unequaled as an

ANTI-BILIOUS MEDICINE.

In malarial districts their virtues are widely recognized, as they possess peculiar properties in freeing the system from that poison. Elegantly sugar-coated. Dose small. Price, 25cts.

Sold Everywhere.

Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

☞ That's the finest chew I ever tasted. What's that? Hanecek's Maritana Tobacco. You'll find it at McDuffie's.

When Age Has Come.

Life hath its quiet joys when age hath come,
Though voices many have grown still and dumb
Along the way;
Shadows oft fall upon the drying grass,
Dead leaves are rustling as we onward pass
At close of day.

Yet flowers bloom; the latest of the year
Still beam upon us with a smile of cheer
That warms us much;
And hands extended meet us on the way,
Consoling us as hands of old friends may,
With living touch.

Though much has gone, much has been left behind;
In little pleasures we our comfort find
From day to day;
Though many voices have grown still and dumb,
Life hath its quiet joys when age has come
To cross our way.

—*L. F. S. Barnard.*

Cupid and Campaspe.

Cupid and my Campaspe played
At cards for kisses: Cupid paid.
He stakes his quiver, bow and arrows,
His mother's doves, and team of sparrows;
Loses them too, and down he throws
The coral of his lips, the rose,
Growing on his cheek, but none knows how;
With these the crystal on his brow,
And then the dimple on his chin:
All these did my Campaspe win;
At last he set her both his eyes,
She won and Cupid blind did rise.
O Love, hath she done this to thee?
Alas! what shall become of me!

—*John Lyhys, A. D.* 1580.

Farm and Garden Notes.

Grow no trees in the garden.

Remove all dead wood and sprouts.

A patch of green peas is a nice thing for pigs.

Let the boys and girls grow a patch of popcorn.

Sow lime broadcast over the onion bed as a protection against worms.

Plowing and liming the poultry runs purifies the soil. It probably needs it.

There are 68 standard breeds of chickens, 10 of ducks, 9 of turkeys and 7 of geese.

The young broods will do better if placed on new ground, away from the old runs.

When plants are propagated by the division of roots be careful not to injure the roots.

There is nothing gained by putting seeds into the ground when it is too wet or too cold.

Tobacco leaves put into the nests and bunches of it hung around inside the poultry-house will keep away lice.

The sheep industry in the United States is rapidly changing from a wool to a mutton basis. This will give it a permanency.

A man of family who has land and will not grow some grape vines should be deprived of citizenship, says *Popular Gardening.*

Give cows bran, salt and fine meal. Too much dry and rich food will make ropy or stringy milk. Succulent foods will prevent this.

The *Rural New Yorker* advises trying a few hills of the Fordhook squash, as concurrent testimony ranks it as one of the best all-year round varieties in cultivation.

An excellent coating for peach trees to prevent borers is to swab the trees well with a mixture of lime and wood tar. Dig away the earth, swab the trees six inches below the ground and twelve inches above it, and return the earth to the trees.

How to Grow Big Corn Crops.

Correspondence Farmers' Review.]

The acre of corn with which I competed for a premium in 1880, and on which I had drilled 500 pounds of phosphate, was planted three feet and two feet alternately in width, with one stalk every twelve inches in the row, and yielded me 115 bushels. The same acre was planted again last year with rows six feet and three feet alternately, with stalks twelve inches in row, and yielded 100 bushels of corn of a far superior quality to the year before. No fertilizer was used this time and the season was not quite so good as the year before.

I concluded, therefore, that I made a mistake in planting my corn too close together. Two one-fourth acre plats were selected, in which I have not been able to detect any difference in quality of soil, one plat planted as above, six feet and three feet, and the other all the rows three feet in width. The grains were dropped in each case twelve inches in the row, cultivation the same. Result: The first-named produced twenty-two bushels good corn. The second, with one-third more corn planted, produced sixteen bushels good corn and eight bushels light, chaffy corn, equal in feeding value to eighteen bushels good corn. I do not believe we can have any iron-clad rule to plant by. Some ground will stand closer planting than other.

Pigs' Teeth.

Mark Lane Express]

A pig's age may be known by the teeth, as well as the age of other animals. Its mode of dentition is as follows: It is born with four front teeth; one month afterward it gets four more, one in each side of the first pair in each jaw. At 3 months it has four more, which is all the front temporary teeth it has. At 9 months the four outside teeth drop out, and are replaced by permanent incisors, and the others are replaced during the next year. At 3 years the boar's tusks appear; at 4 they begin to lift the lips; at 5 they are seen outside the lips; at 6 they project from the mouth, and after that they grow longer. After 2 years the sow's front teeth have a black ring around the base of them, and as the age increases the color of the teeth deepens and they become worn. As pigs, however, are rarely kept over two years, this test gauge is not often required. Of recent years, since pigs have been bred so as to mature more rapidly, the teeth may indicate, as with sheep and cattle, more age than the animals really have. A well-bred pig may have all its permanent front teeth at 18 months, and this more rapid dentition has sometimes led to disputes as to the pig's age.

Two Crops in the Orchard.

Philadelphia Record.]

Many farmers endeavor to secure two crops from an orchard—fruit and grass—the result being that the grass robs the trees, while the trees in turn shade the grass, and draw upon the land for their share. Some fruit trees, such as the peach, will perish in a single year if grass covers the ground of the orchard, and though such is not the case with apples and pears, yet the lesson from the condition of the peach tree under such conditions teaches that grass is at least a drawback. It may not be proper to force the young trees so rapidly at first, and it is true that an occasional grass crop plowed in has given beneficial results, but to keep an orchard as a pasture is to occupy the ground with unprofitable fruit trees. An orchard should be kept neatly trimmed, well fertilized or manured, and cultivated thoroughly at least once a year.

Pimples Blotches and Old Sores

Are entirely removed by P. P. P., Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium, the greatest blood purifier on earth.

Boils, erysipelas, syphilis, rheumatism, scrofula, blood poison, mercurial poison and all other impurities of the Blood are cured by P. P. P.

Randall Pope the retired druggist of Madison, Fla., says: P. P. P. is the best alterative and blood medicine on the market. He being a druggist and having sold all kinds of medicine, his unsolicited testimonial is of great importance to the sick and suffering.

Capt. J. D. Johnston.

To all whom it may concern:—I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular remedy for eruptions of the skin known as P. P. P. (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium). I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face, and tried various remedies to remove it, none of which accomplished the object until this valuable preparation was resorted to. After taking three bottles, in accordance with directions, I am now entirely cured. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Of the firm of Johnston & Douglas,
Savannah, Ga.

Henry Winter, Superintendent of the Savannah Brewery, says: He has had Rheumatism of the heart for several years, often unable to walk, his pain was so intense; he had professors in Philadelphia, but received no relief until he came to Savannah and tried P. P. P. Two bottles made him a well man, and he renders thanks to P. P. P. For sale by all druggists

Exhausted vitality, nervousness, lost manhood, weakness caused by overtaxation of the system, will be cured by the powerful P. P. P., which gives health and strength to the wreck of the system.

For sale by H. R. HORNE.
April 16, 1891.

How to Catch Fish!

Buy your Tackle from the elegant line carried by

HUSKE'S HARDWARE HOUSE.

How to have Nice Ice Cream!

Buy a Gem Freezer from
HUSKE'S HARDWARE HOUSE.

How to have Good Bread!

Buy a Stove or Range from
HUSKE'S HARDWARE HOUSE.

How to Train your Vines!

Buy a lot of net wire—only 12½ cents per yard, from
HUSKE'S HARDWARE HOUSE.

How to Make a Good Garden!

Buy your Hoes, Rakes, Shovels and Spades, Trowels, &c., from
HUSKE'S HARDWARE HOUSE.

How to Build a House Cheaply!

Buy your Sash, Doors and Blinds, Laths, Lime, Hair, Nails and Hardware from
HUSKE'S HARDWARE HOUSE.
April 30, 1891.

JNO. UNDERWOOD & BRO.,

GENERAL AGENTS NORTH WESTERN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MILWAUKEE,

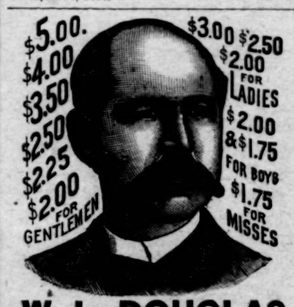
NO. 2 THORNTON BLOCK.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Record of similar policies on the life of Mr. John H. Schoolfield of Danville, Va., issued in 1889, same age (51), same amount, $10,000, ordinary life plan. Dividends used in cash to reduce premiums.

	Equitable.	Northwestern
No. of Policy,	421,620	184,224
Annual Premium,	$494.00	$194.90
Cash Dividends 1890 & 1891,	94.50	131.97

April 16, 1891.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE and other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, etc., are warranted, and so stamped on bottom. Address W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

ROSE & LEAK,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Jan'y 1, 1891. 6m

—THE—

Fayetteville Marble Works,

CHAS. A. GOODWIN, Proprietor,

Lauder's Old Stand, Fayetteville, N. C.

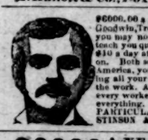
Estimates made on all kinds of

STONE WORK

to be delivered in any part of the State and United States. Buy a Tombstone and remember your dead relatives and friends. Designs and prices furnished upon application.

Aug. 8, 1890. 1y

H. Hallett & Co., Box 880 Portland, Maine



$6000.00 a year is being made by John R. Goodwin, Troy, N. Y., at work for us. If you may not make as much, but we can teach you quickly how to earn from $5 to $10 a day at the start, and prove as you go on. Both sexes, all ages. In any part of America, you can commence at home, giving all your time, or spare moments only to the work. All is new. Great pay SURE for every worker. We start you, furnishing everything. EASILY, SPEEDILY learned. PARTICULARS FREE. Address at once, STINSON & CO., PORTLAND, MAINE.

$3000 A YEAR! I undertake to briefly teach any fairly intelligent person of either sex, who can read and write, and who, after instruction, will work industriously, how to earn Three Thousand Dollars a Year in their own localities, wherever they live. I will also furnish the situation or employment, at which you can earn that amount. No money for me unless successful as above. Easily and quickly learned. I desire but one worker from each district or county. I have already taught and provided with employment a large number, who are making over $3000 a year each. It's NEW and SOLID. Full particulars FREE. Address at once, E. C. ALLEN, Box 420, Augusta, Maine.

THE

MERCHANT MILLS

—BY—

J. D. McNEILL,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

are prepared to furnish you at cash prices with

CORN,

MEAL,

FLOUR,

SHIP STUFF,

FEED.

GRAIN, BRAN, &c.

Consult your interest and get their figures before buying.
May 8, 1890. tf

POMONA HILL

NURSERIES,

POMONA, N. C.

Stock consists of

ALL LEADING FRIUTS

Calculated to suit the Southern and border States.

Send for descriptive Catalogue, No. 1, of

FRIUT TREES, VINES, &c.

and No. 2, Green-House Catalogue of young pot-grown

Roses, Chrysanthemums, CARANTIONS,

and a general variety of Bedding and Flowing Plants, ready to plant out in April and May.

☞ Catalogue free. Correspondence solicited. Address

J. VAN. LINDLEY,
Pomona, Guilford Co., N. C.
May 30, 1889.

To Builders and Contractors.

I am prepared to furnish at reasonable prices

Building Material,

including

ROUGH AND DRESSED PINE LUMBER, SHINGLES AND LATHS.

Orders may be sent to me at Hope Mills or left at my office in Fayetteville.

Z. B. NEWTON,
Hope Mills, N. C.
Feb'y 12, 1891. 1y

DR. J. H. DANIEL,

OF DUNN, HARNETT COUNTY, N. C.,

offers his professional services to those suffering with Cancer and Scrofulous Affections.

All letters of inquiry as to my mode of treatment will be cheerfully answered

Would respectfully ask the attention of the public to the subjoined card from Dr. McKay:

SUMMERVILLE, N. C., Dec. 11th, 1890.

Dr. J. H. Daniel, Dunn, N. C.:

DEAR SIR—The sore on my face, which was pronounced Epethelial Cancer, is perfectly well, and I do not hesitate to recommend your mode of treatment to any persons suffering with Cancer.

Respectfully,
A. M McKAY, M. D.

March 12, 1891—tf

CLYDE'S

New York and Wilmington Steamship Co.

FROM PIER 29, EAST RIVER, NEW YORK, Located bet. Chambers and Roosevelt Sts., At 3 o'clock P. M

NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON

BENEFACTOR	Saturday,	May 9
FANITA	Wednesday,	May 13
PAWNEE	Saturday,	May 16

WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.

FANITA	Monday,	May 4
PAWNEE	Saturday,	May 9
BENEFACTOR	Saturday,	May 16

WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN.

PAWNEE	Tuesday,	May 5
BENEFACTOR	Tuesday,	May 12

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES,
Superintendent,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
W. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents,
March 28 1889 tf 5 Bowling Green, N. Y

PRACTICAL HINTS TO BUILDERS. **FREE.**

100 pages, 40 illustrations, 20 short chapters on the kitchen, chimneys, cistern, foundation, brick work, mortar, cellar, heating, ventilation, the roof and many items of interest to builders.

Over 100,000 copies of this little book have been sold for ten cents each.

We now propose to put it into the hands of those contemplating building, together with our lithograph, which, in colors, shows the various styles of our metal roofing and roofing sundries.

THE NATIONAL SHEET METAL ROOFING CO., 510 to 520 East 20th St., New York City.
Sept. 11, 1890. 1y

MONEY can be earned at our NEW line of work, rapidly and honorably, by those of either sex, young or old, and in their own localities, wherever they live. Any one can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. We plan you. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This is an entirely new kind, and brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from $25 to $50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and teach you FREE. No space to explain here. Full information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

ICE-COLD DRINKS!

—o—O—o—

McDuffie's Soda Fountain

IS IN FULL OPERATION, AND ALL THE

POPULAR DRINKS OF THE SEASON

ARE BEING DISPENSED THERE.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO

ICE CREAM SODA.

W. C. McDUFFIE, Jr., Druggist.
April 16, 1891. tf.

SPRING

IS AT HAND, AND OUR ATTRACTIVE SPRING STOCK OF

- FURNITURE -

IS ARRIVING BY EVERY TRAIN.

VERY CONVENIENT

AND ECONOMICAL ARE THE

Gardner Patent Perforated Chair Seats,

OF WHICH WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE INVOICE IN A VARIETY OF SHAPES AND SIZES.

Reseat your old chairs at a moderate cost.

S. SHEETZ & SONS,
The Leaders.

March 12, 1891

PATAPSCO 196 SUPERLATIVE PATENT C.A. GAMBRILL Mfg. Co. BALTIMORE.

—THE—

PREMIER FLOUR OF AMERICA.

PATAPSCO FLOURING MILLS.

ESTABLISHED - - - 1774.

PERFECTION IN FLOUR.

OUR PATENT ROLLER FLOURS

ARE MANUFACTURED FROM THE CHOICEST WHEAT OBTAINABLE.

Patapsco Superlative Patent,

The Premier Flour of America,

Is Unsurpassed for Bread, Biscuit or Pastry.

☞ Ask your grocer for

PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE PATENT, ROLANDO CHOICE PATENT
MEDORA, HIGH GRADE WINTER PATENT,
PATAPSCO FAMILY PATENT, ORANGE GROVE EXTRA.
BALDWIN FAMILY, MAPLETON FAMILY.

C. A. GAMBRILL MANUFACTURING CO., 214 Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.

Represented by Mr. B. R. TAYLOR, Fayetteville, N. C.

sep 18

AN INVESTMENT

That will DOUBLE in TWELVE MONTHS.

Paying Dividends April and October.

STOCK OF THE

Ga.-Ala. Investment and Development Company.

CAPITAL STOCK, $4,500,000. SHARES, $10 EACH, FULL PAID AND SUBJECT TO NO ASSESSMENTS.

GEN. BENJ. F. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, President.
HON. JAMES W. HYATT, Late Treas. of U. S., Treasurer.

DIRECTORS.

Gen. BENJ. F. BUTLER, of Massachusetts.
Hon. LOGAN H. ROOTS, of Arkansas.
Hon. A. U. WYMAN, Ex-Treas. of U. S., of Neb.
Hon. JAS. W. HYATT, " " of Conn.
THOS. C. SMITH, Pres. 17th Ward Bank, Brooklyn, N. Y.
E. I. GARFIELD, Sec'y Thomson-Houston Electric Co., Boston, Mass.
C. W. PERKINS, Cash. Mass. Nat'l Bank, Boston, Mass.
GEO. C. SCHOFIELD, Pres. N. Y. Contract Co. of New York.
L. M. SANFORD, Pres. Bank of New Castle, of Kentucky.

ADVISORY BOARD.

Hon. John B. Gordon, Governor of Ga.
Hon. Robt. L. Taylor, Governor of Tenn.
Hon. J. B. Foraker, Ex-Governor of Ohio.
Hon. Rich. H. Bright, Ex-U. S. Printer of Washington.
Hon. E. F. Mann, Supt. Concord & Montreal Railroad, of New Hampshire.
E. R. True, Cash. U. S. Treasury, Washington.
Henry Feuchtwanger, Member N. Y. Stock Exchange, New York.
P. K. Roots, Cashier First National Bank, Little Rock, Ark.
F. Y. Robertson, President First Nat'l Bank, Kearney, Neb.

Suffolk Trust Co., Transfer Agents,

244 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

THE PROPERTY OF THE COMPANY CONSISTS OF

FIRST. 8,000 City Lots, or 2,022 acres of land in the city of Tallapoosa, Haralson County, Georgia, the residue remaining unsold of 2,500 acres, on the centre of which the city was originally built. Present value $1,084,765.

SECOND. 2,458 acres of valuable mineral land, adjacent to the city of Tallapoosa, all located within a radius of six miles from the centre of the city. Present value $122,900.

THIRD. The issued Capital Stock of the Georgia, Tennessee & Illinois Railroad Company, chartered for the purpose of building a railroad from Tallapoosa, Ga., to Stevenson, Ala., 120 miles, that will net the company nearly $2,000,000 of the capital stock of railroad, paying 7 per cent. dividends.

FOURTH. The Tallapoosa Furnace, on the line of the Georgia-Pacific Railroad, in the city of Tallapoosa, Ga.—the said furnace being of 50 tons capacity, manufacturing the highest grade of cold and hot blast charcoal car-wheel iron. Present value $256,000.

FIFTH. The Piedmont Glass Works, situated on the line of the Georgia-Pacific Railroad, in the city of Tallapoosa, Ga., said plant being 12-pot furnace capacity, and manufacturing flint-glass flasks and prescription-ware. Present value $100,000.

There is already located on the property of this Company, in the city of Tallapoosa, Ga., 2,800 inhabitants, 2,000 of whom are Northern people, who have settled in Tallapoosa within the last three years, 632 houses, 75 manufacturing industries, and 40 business houses, schools, churches, water-works, electric lights, $75,000 hotel, and new manufacturing industries building, etc.

50,000 SHARES TREASURY STOCK

Are now offered to the public, the proceeds to be devoted to locating new manufacturing establishments and developing the Company's city property, at a

SPECIAL PRICE OF $3.50 PER SHARE.

This stock is full paid and subject to no assessments. It will pay dividends April and October, and the price will be advanced to $5.00 per share when the 50,000 shares are sold.

Orders for stock will be filled as received, in any amount from one share upward, as it is desired to have as many small holders in all sections of the country as possible, who will, by their interest in the Company, influence immigration to Tallapoosa, and advance the interests of the Company.

Address all orders for stock, and make checks, drafts, or money and express orders payable to

JAMES W. HYATT, Treasurer, Ga.-Ala. Investment and Development Co.,

Globe Building, 244 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

☞ 80-page illustrated Prospectus of Tallapoosa, Stock Prospectus of Company, and Plat of city, with Price-list of building lots, mailed free on application. Reliable agents wanted to represent the Company in every county. Jan'y 29, 1891—4m

---

Do You Ever Eat Anything?

If so call around and see the handsome and attractive display of

FRESH, FAMILY GROCERIES

—AT—

A. McIver & Son's,

27 HAY STREET.

New and fresh arrivals daily of everything in the

GROCERY LINE.

FRESH BUTTER,
BREAKFAST BACON, FISH,
LARD, POTTED TONGUE,
CHEESE, RICE,
FLOUR, SUGAR,
COFFEE, MOLASSES,
OYSTERS, &c.,

ALWAYS IN ABUNDANCE.

A special invitation is hereby extended the people of Fayetteville to call and see us.

A. McIVER & SON.
March 26, 1891—tf

Mortgage Sale of Town Property.

In pursuance of power of sale contained in mortgage from R. S. Huske to A. S. Huske & Co., dated 30th August, 1888, and duly proved and registered in Cumberland County, N. C., in Book L, No. 4, page 104, the undersigned, assignee of the mortgagees, will expose to public sale at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., the premises therein described, being a lot in Fayetteville, C., adjoining the law office of G. M. Rose on Bow street, whereon is situated the law office of said R. S. Huske.

Time of sale: Saturday, May 16th, 1891, 12 o'clock M. Terms: Cash.

W. G. LEDUC, Receiver of the People's National Bank, and Assignee of Mortgagee.
April 16—ts

Bank of Commerce.

The Books of Subscription to the capital stock of the Bank of Commerce are now open at each of the drug stores of the town. When $100,000 has been subscribed, the permanent organization will be effected. A copy of the very libera charter will be furnished on application.

A. H. SLOCOMB,
N. W. RAY,
R. M. NIMOCKS,
E. L. PEMBERTON,
W. S. COOK.

April 9, 1891—tf Committee.

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of J. M. Byrd & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent, J. M. Byrd continuing the butchering business, to whom all bills due are to be paid.

ALEX. McARTHUR.
J. M. BYRD.

I cheerfully recommend Mr. Byrd, with whom my relations have been pleasant and satisfactory, to a continuance of public patronage.

ALEX. McARTHUR.
April 9, 1891—tf

CHAS. GLOVER,

AUCTIONEER

—AND—

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Negotiates the sale and purchase of Stocks, Bonds and other Securities.
Fayetteville, N. C., Feb'y 5, 1891. tf

LIVERY, SALES, FEED

—AND—

EXCHANGE STABLES.

The public will take notice that my

LIVERY STABLES

are now supplied with first-class

Teams and Stylish Buggies,

and I am better prepared than ever to serve you. Fine stock always on hand and for sale. Mr. ALEX. BOWLES, a reliable hostler, is with me, and customers may rest assured that their stock will be carefully looked after while in my stables.

Respectfully,
JOHN LAMBETH.
Oct. 16, 1890. tf

RICE STRAW

IN CAR LOTS.

A Full Stock of Heavy and

Fancy Groceries,

LOW TO CASH BUYERS.

R. W. HICKS,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
216 North Water St., Wilmington, N. C.
Feb'y 5, 1891.

CAPE FEAR RIVER STEAMERS!

Steamer D. Murchison,
Capt. W. A. Robeson.
Leaves Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays.
Leaves Wilmington Tuesdays and Fridays.

Steamer A. P. HURT,
Capt. Irvin Robeson.
Leaves Fayetteville Tuesdays and Fridays.
Leaves Wilmington Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Steamer Cape Fear,
Capt. R. H. Tomlinson.
Leaves Fayetteville Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Leaves Wilmington Mondays and Thursdays.

☞ First Class Passenger and Freight accommodations on each of the three Steamers.

Through Bills of Lading to ALL Points.

Connects at Wilmington with the Clyde Steamship Company.

For Freight Rates and other information, apply to
W. S. COOK,
Fayetteville, N. C.

T. D. LOVE,
Wilmington, N. C. Oct —1y

For Sale or Rent.

A rare opportunity is now offered to any one wishing to purchase a residence or to engage in the boarding or hotel business in the growing town of Maxton This is a handsome house and lot centrally located containing 9 rooms, besides dining-room and kitchen. For terms and other information address

J. S. McRAE,
Maxton, N. C.
March 5, 1891. tf